

# $\gamma$ -rays from blazars: How and where?

I. Liodakis

*Kavli Institute for Particle Astrophysics and Cosmology*

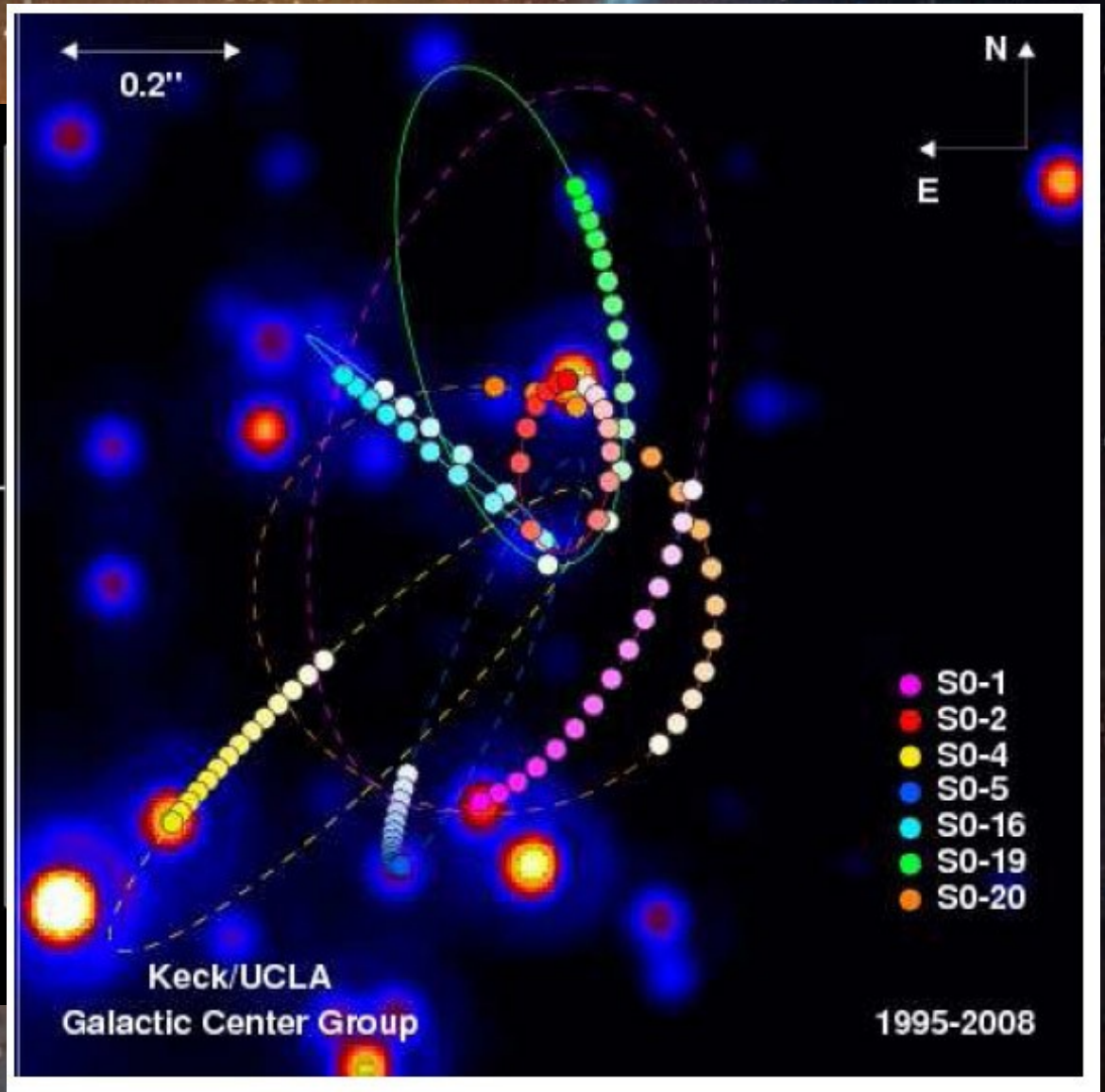
Physics and detector requirements  
at zero-degree of colliders  
September 2019



# Introduction: Radio galaxies and blazars

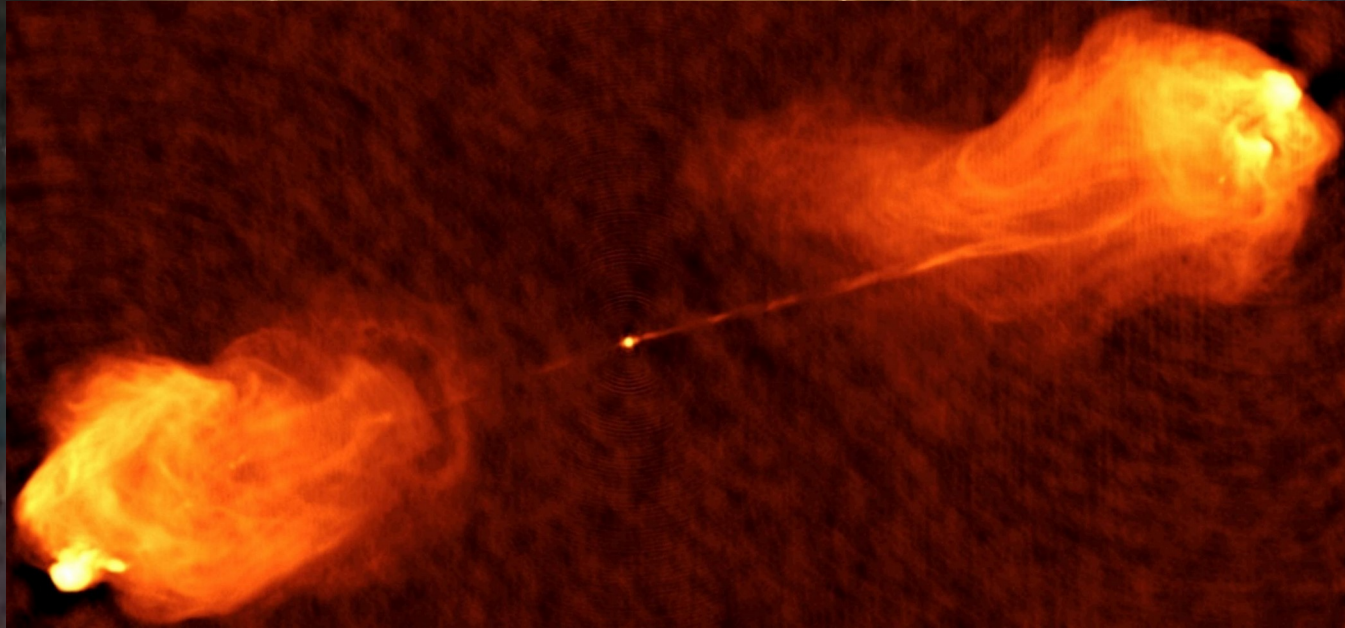


**Milky Way Galaxy**



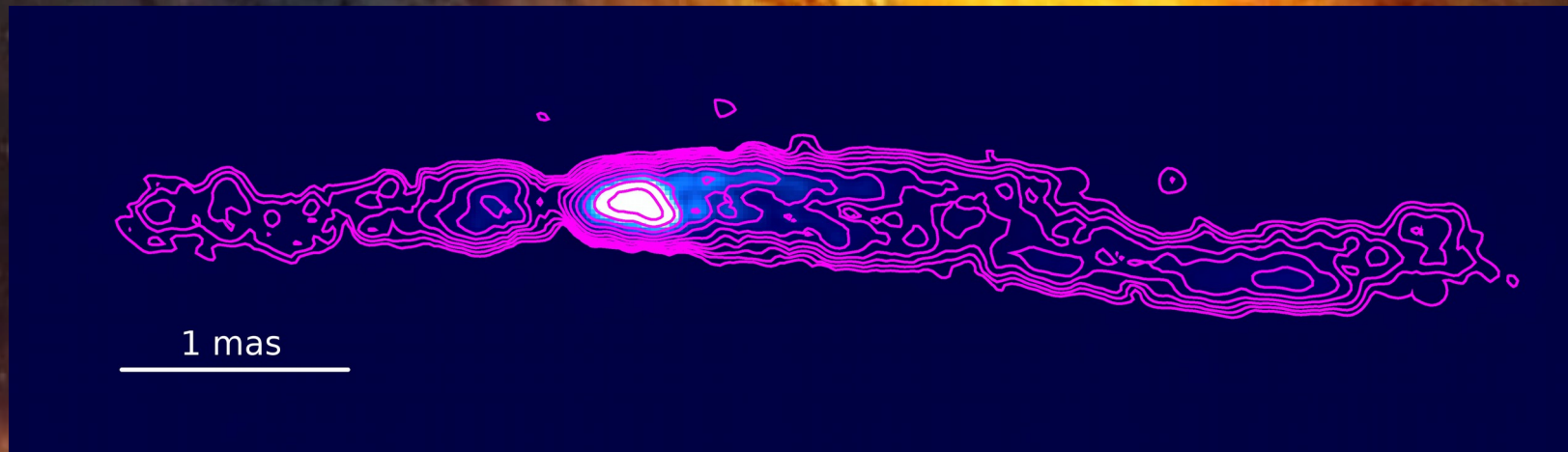
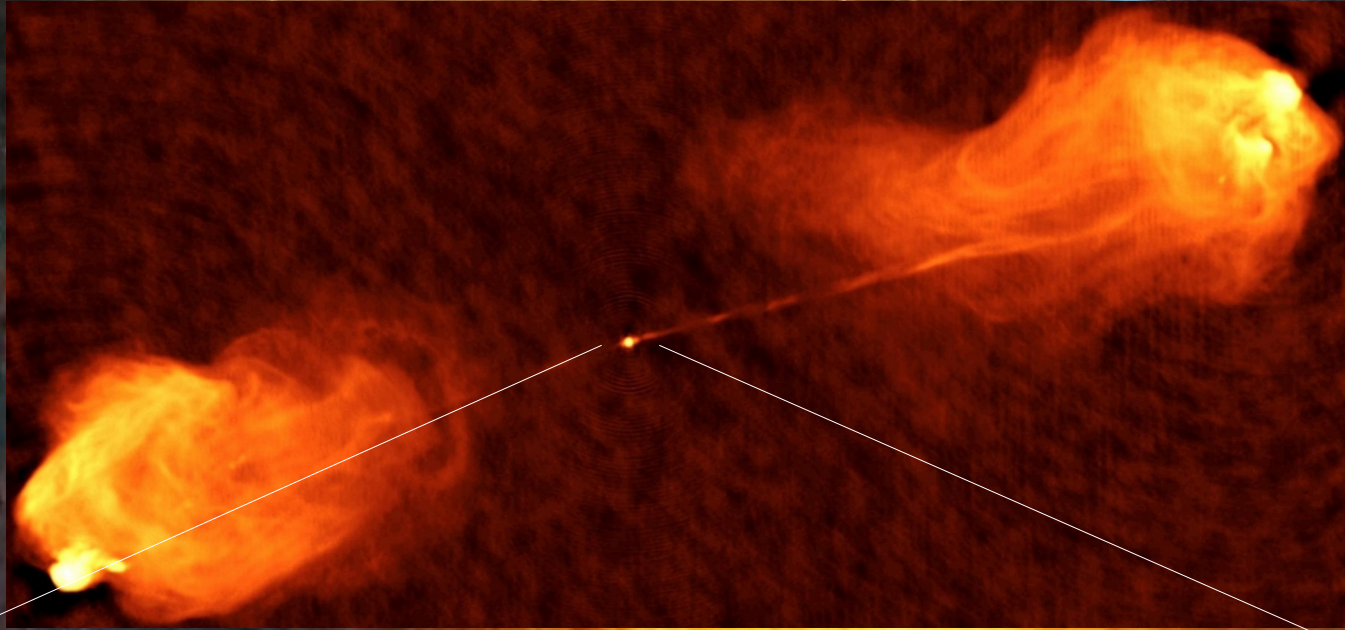


# Introduction: Radio galaxies and blazars



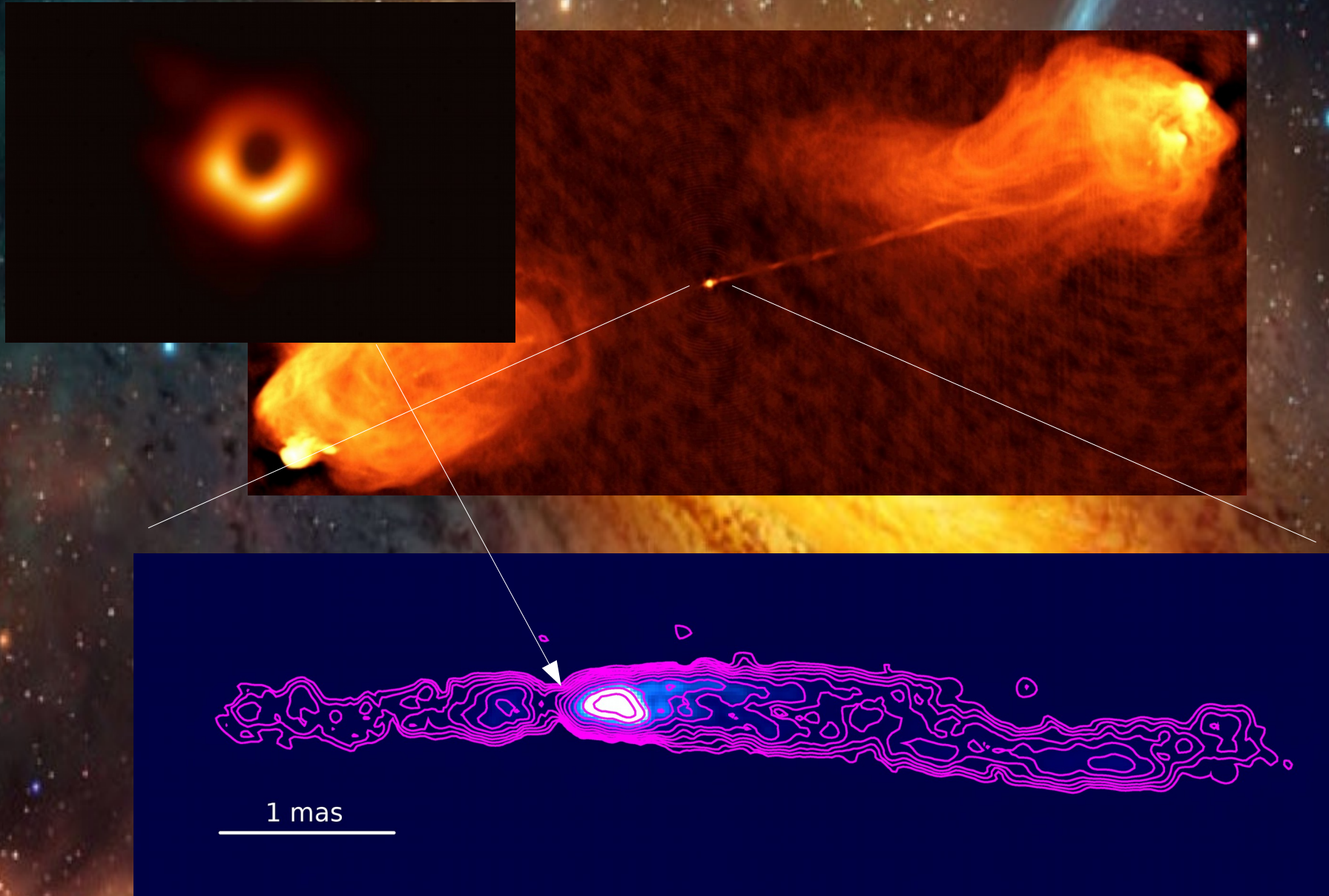


# Introduction: Radio galaxies and blazars



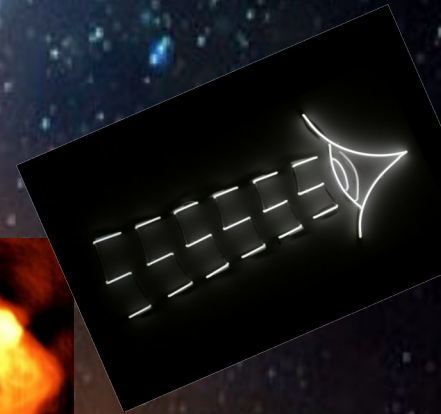
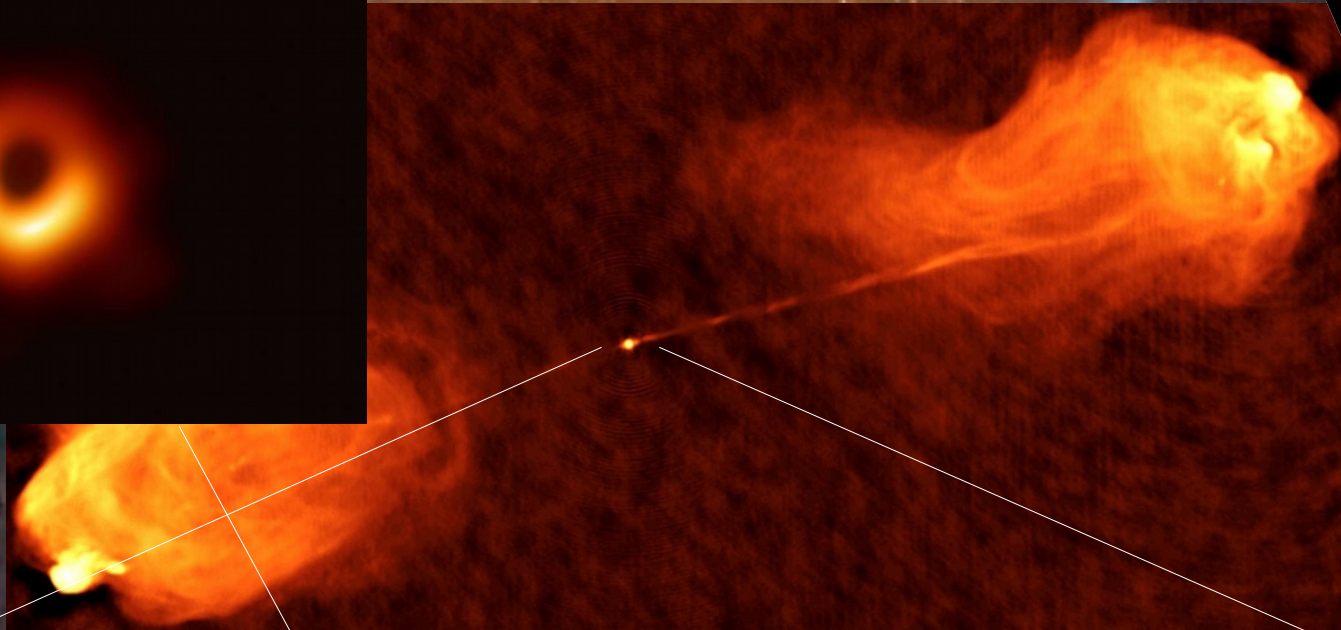
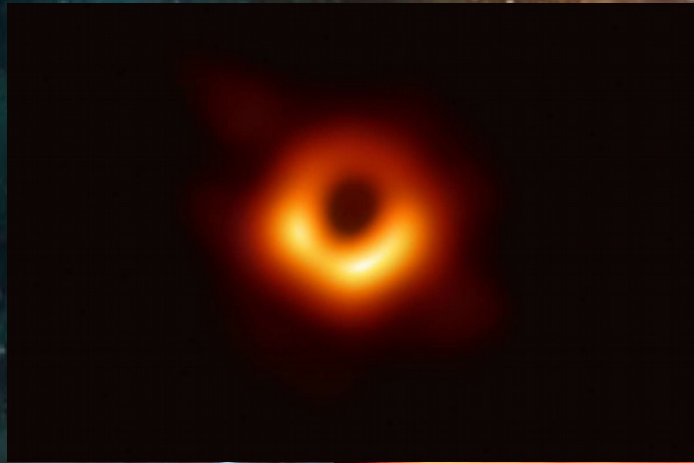


# Introduction: Radio galaxies and blazars

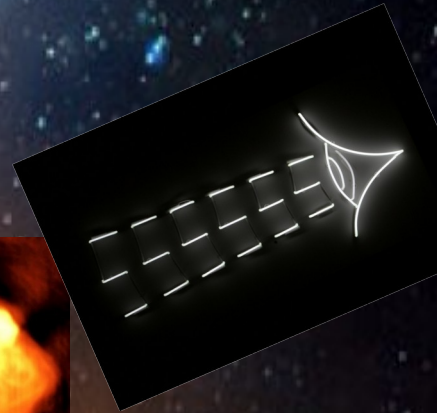
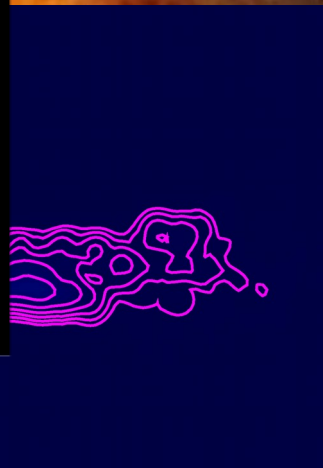
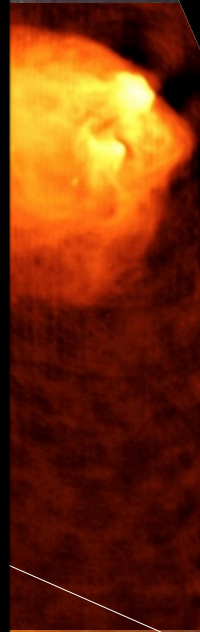
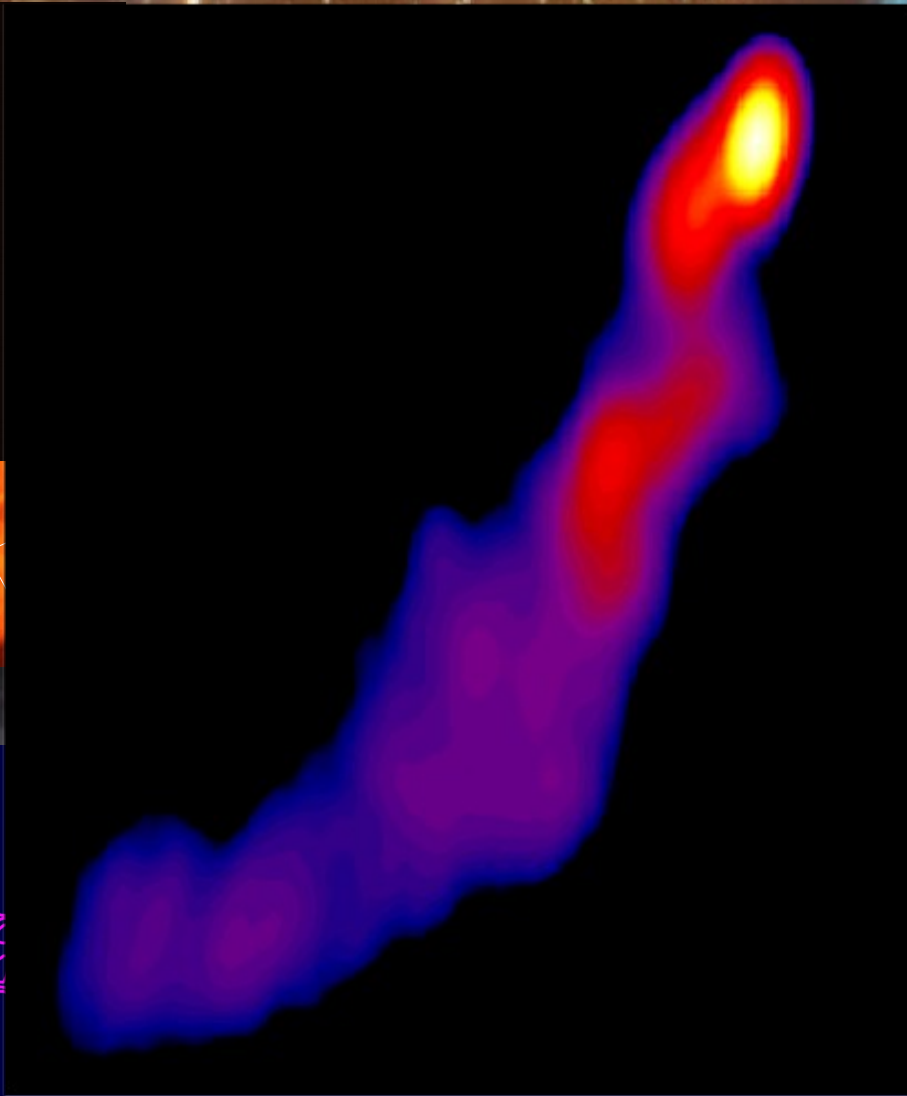
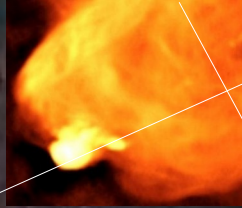
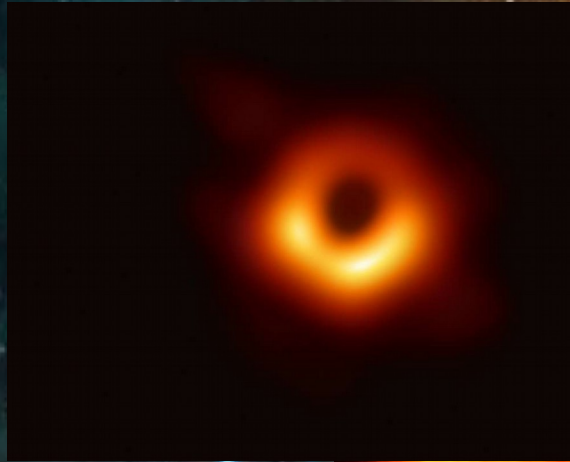




# Introduction: Radio galaxies and blazars

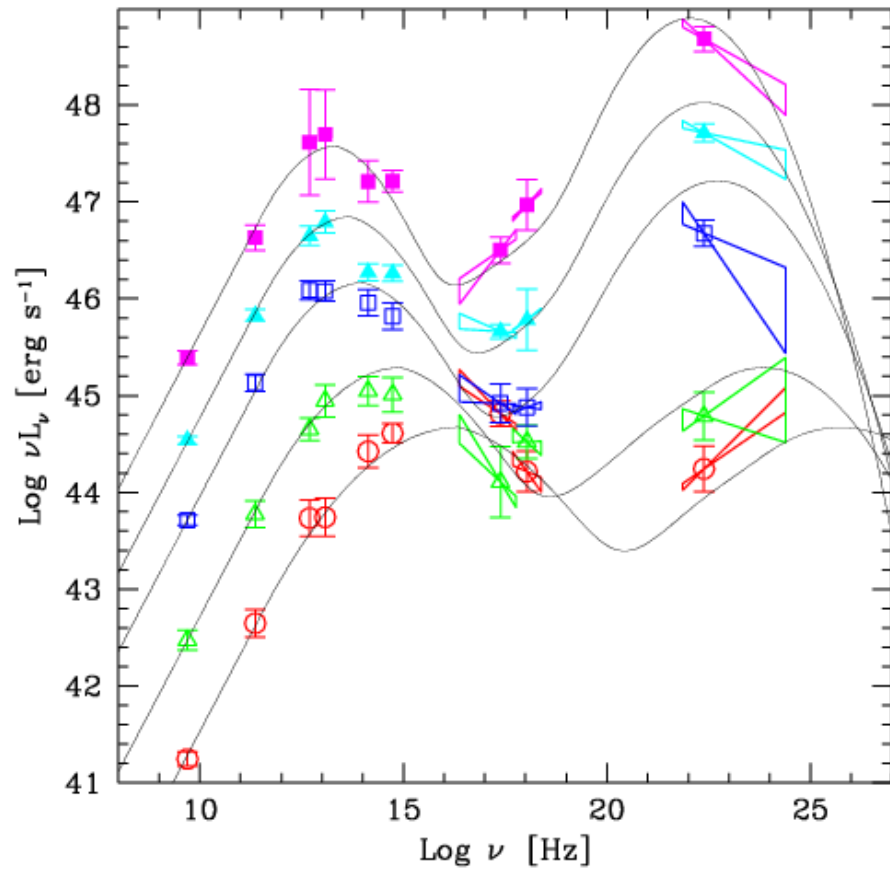


# Introduction: Radio galaxies and blazars



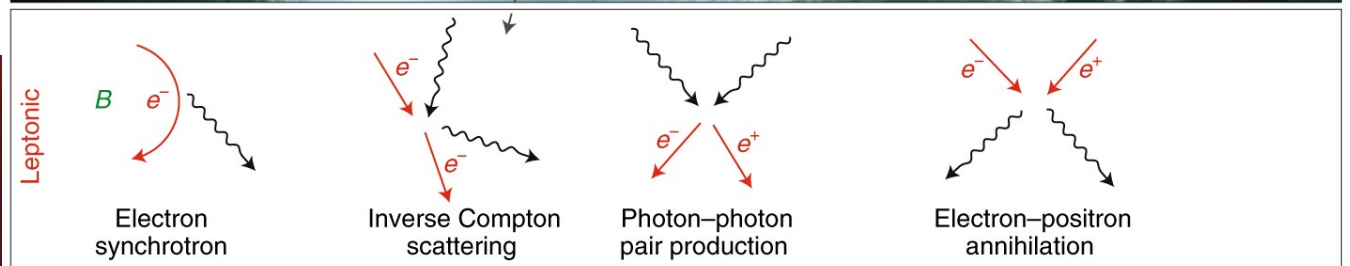
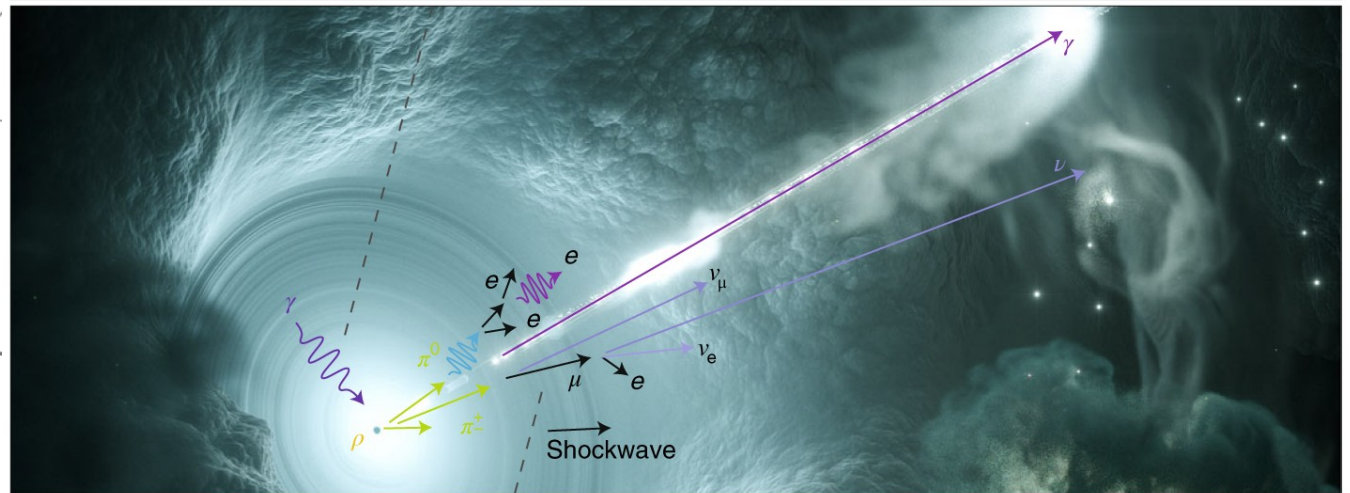
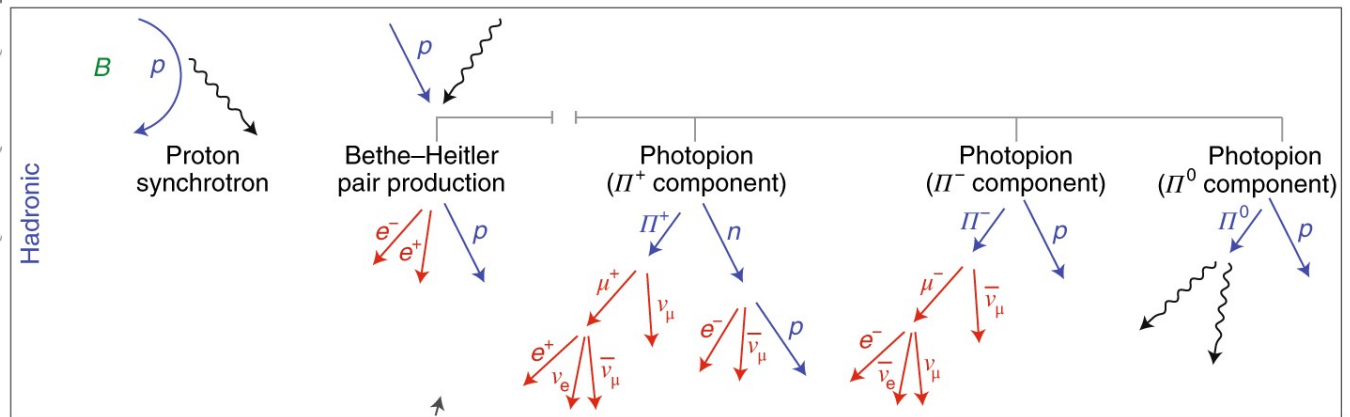
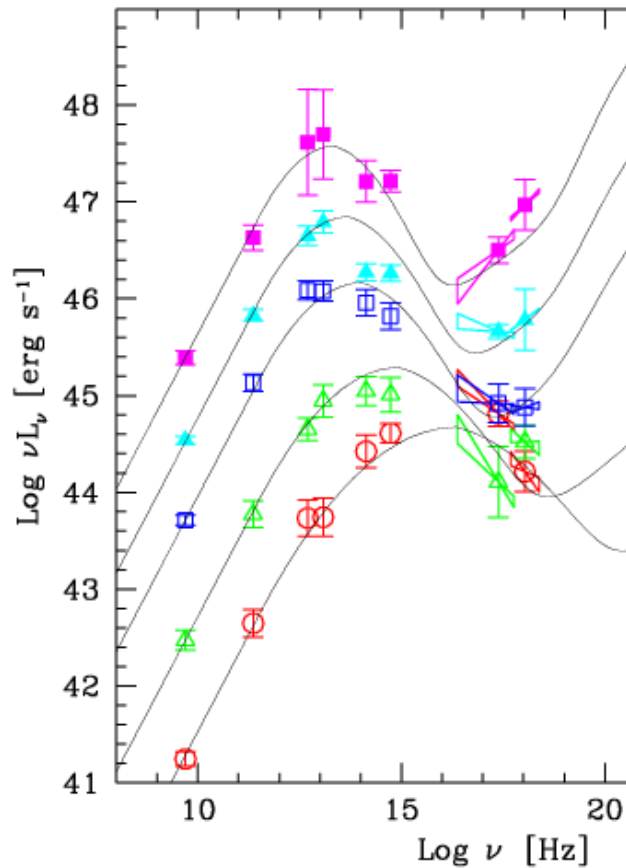


# Where is the high-energy emission coming from?

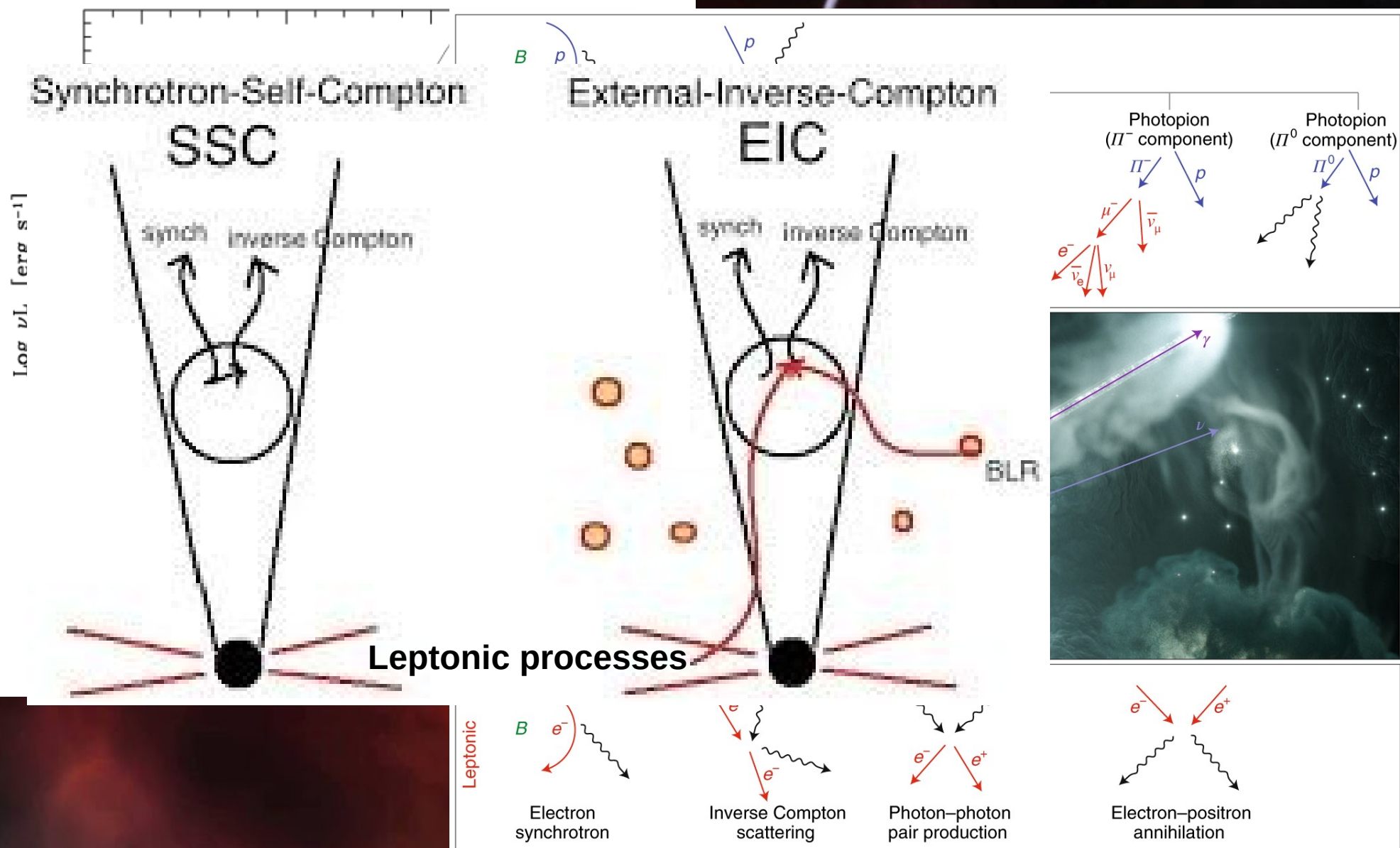




# Where is the high-energy emission coming from?

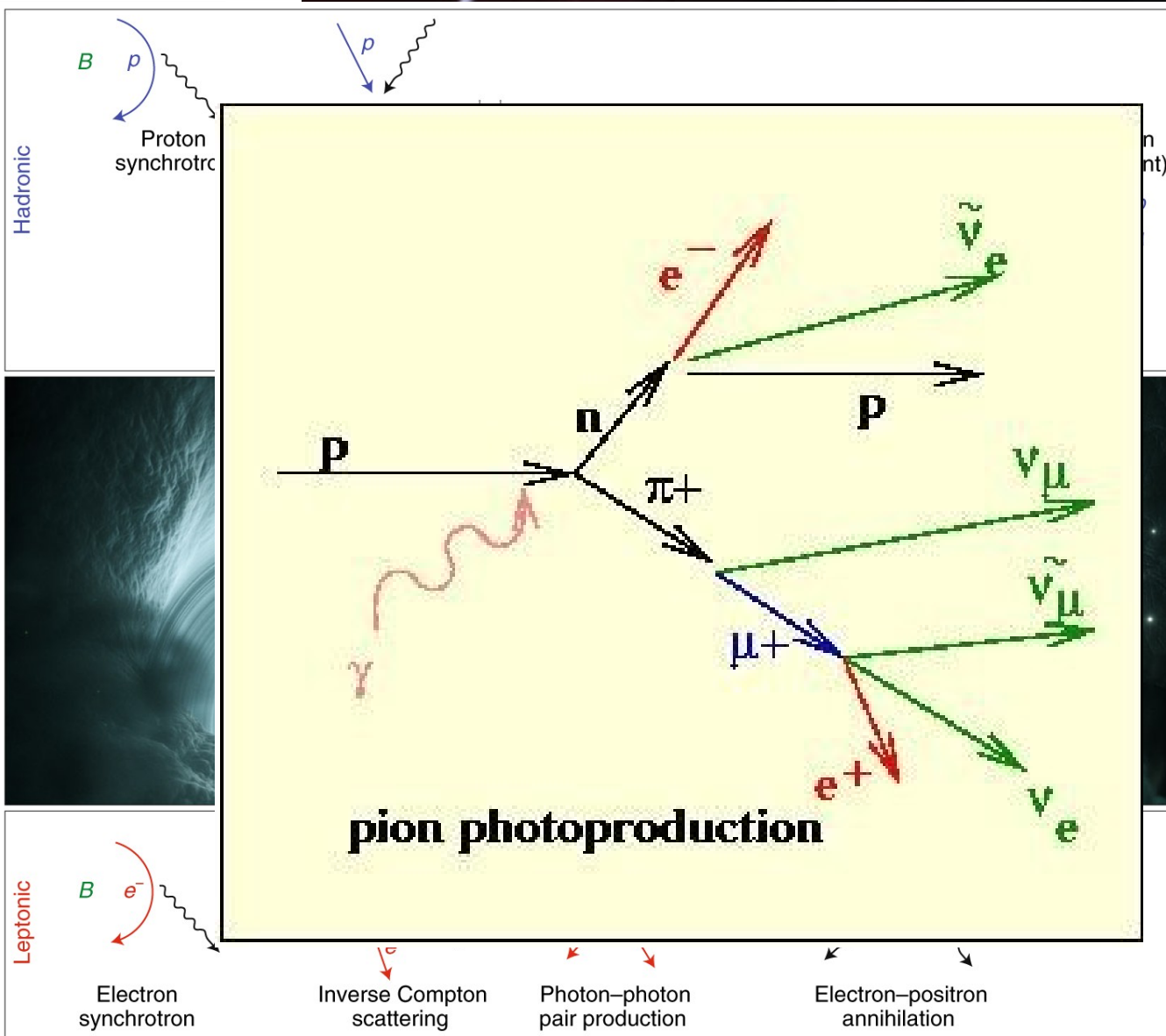
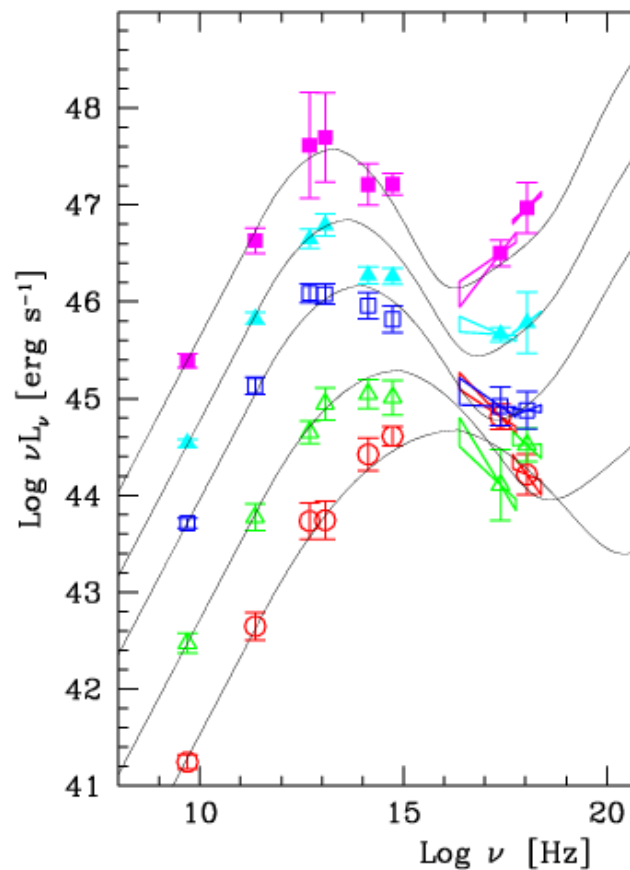


# Where is the high-energy emission coming from?



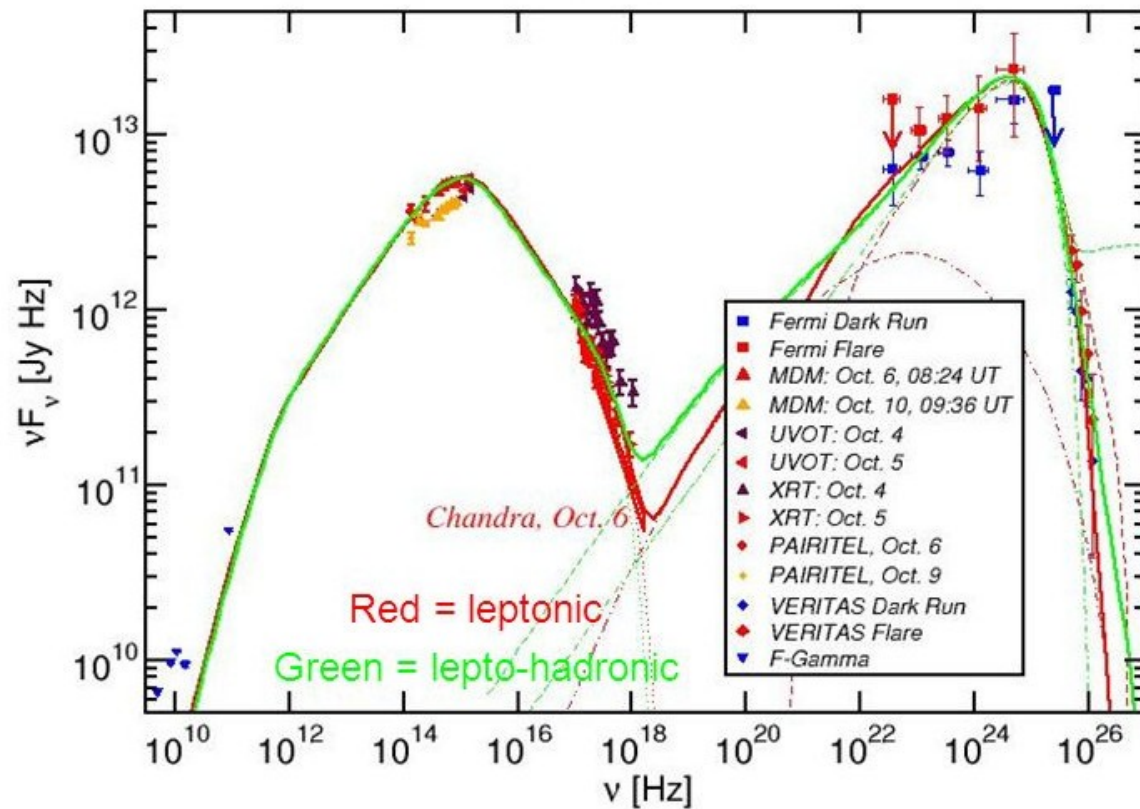


# Where is the high-energy emission coming from?



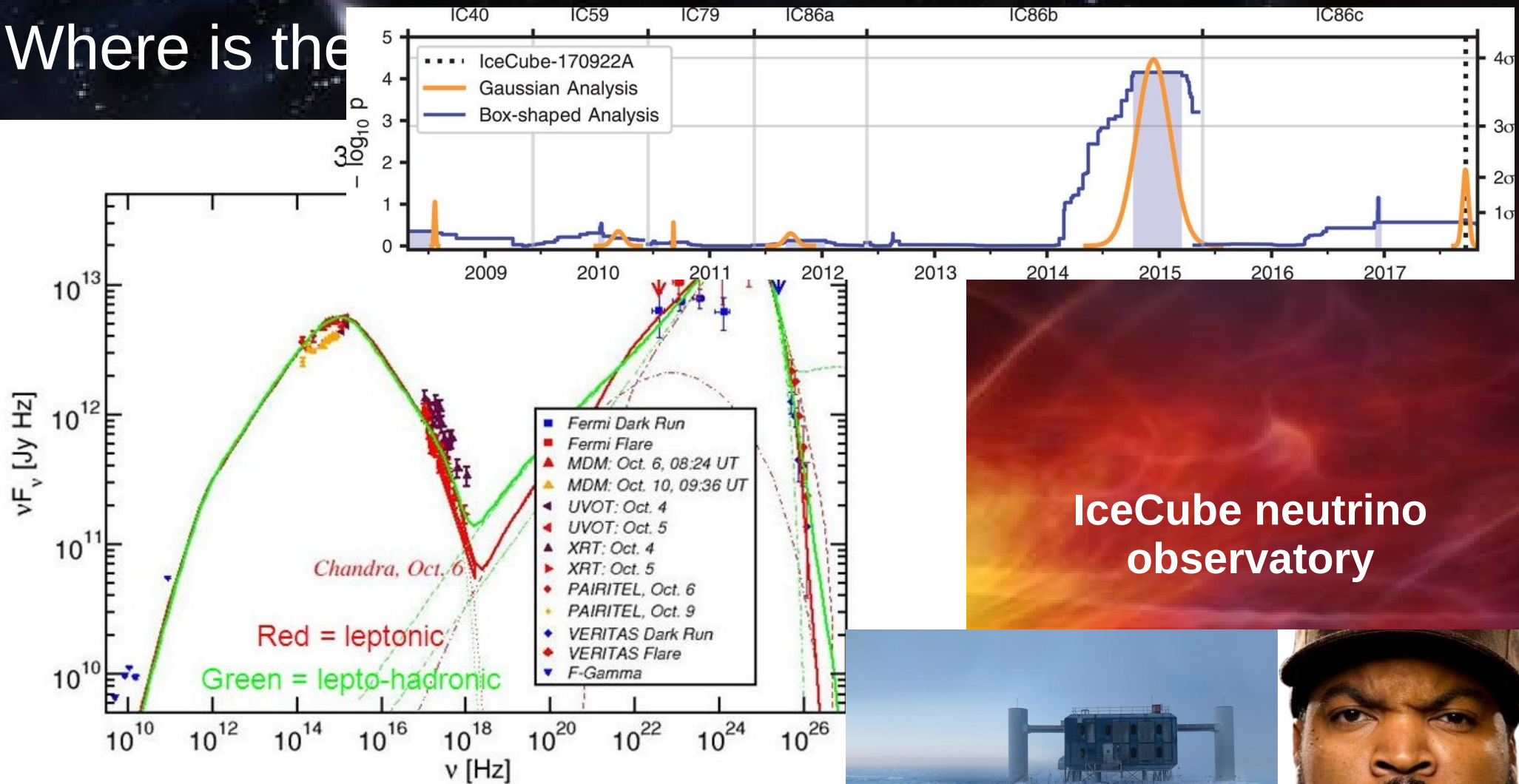
# Where is the emission coming from?

3C66A (IBL)

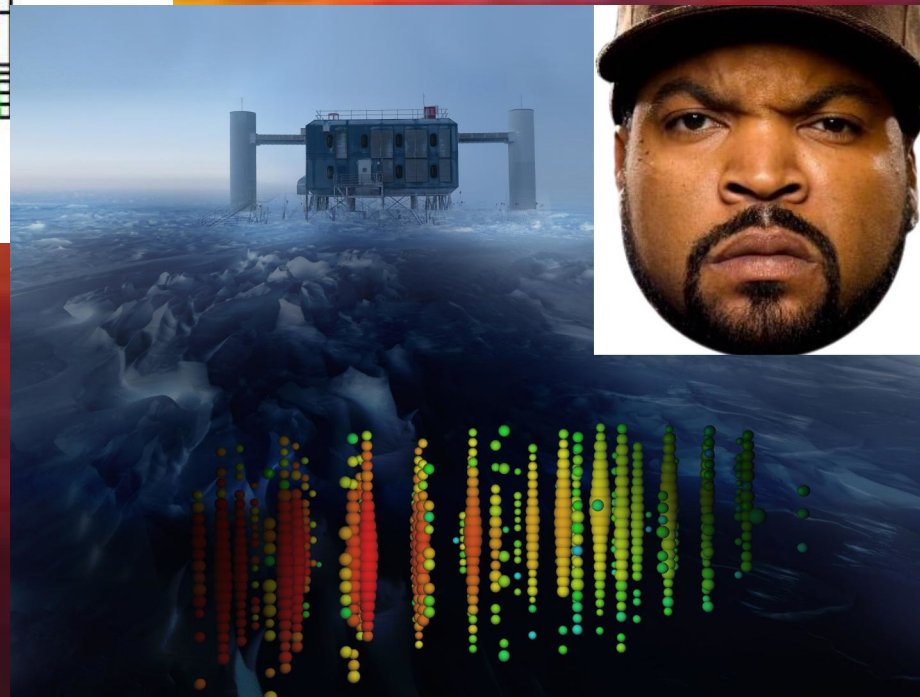




Where is the



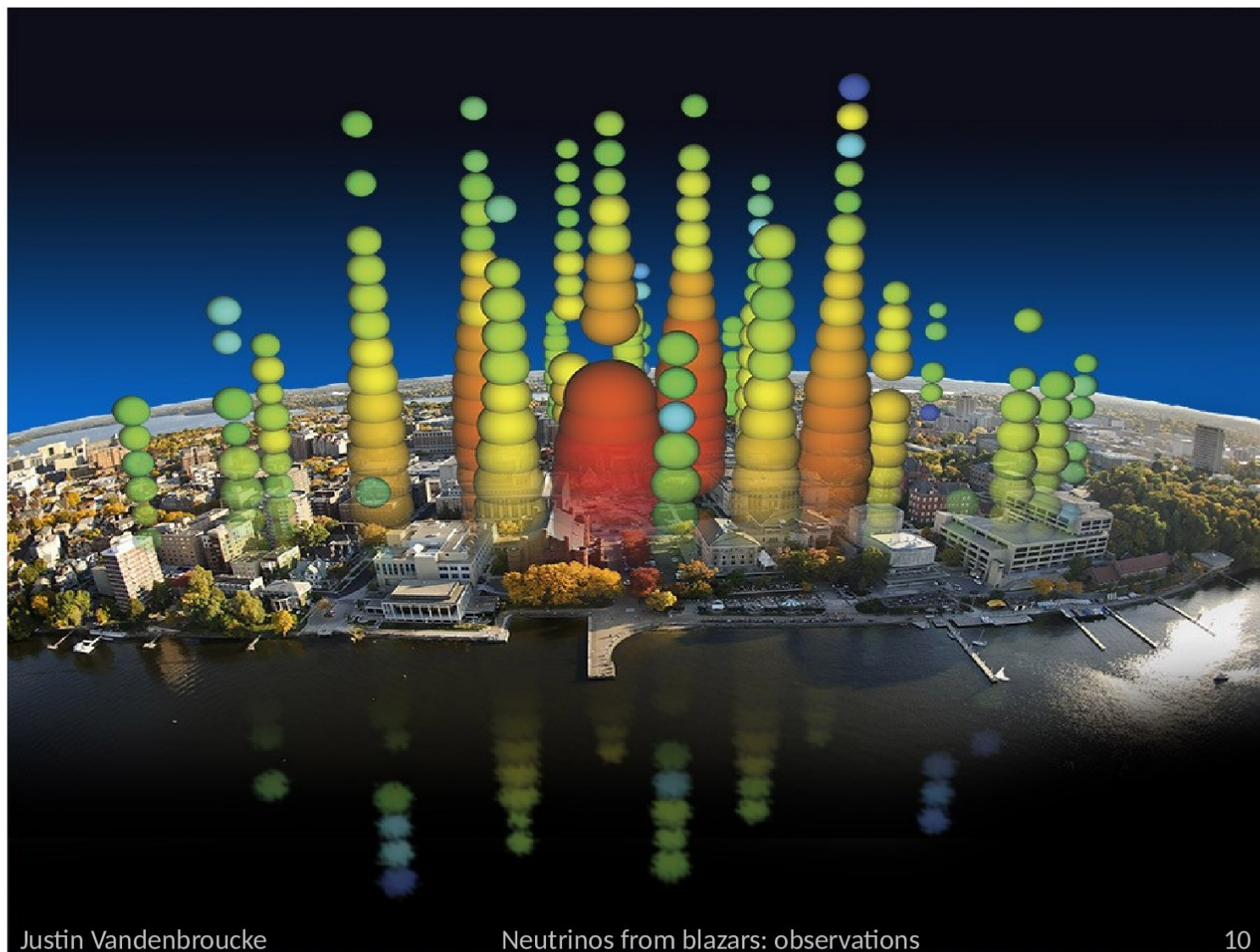
IceCube neutrino  
observatory



# Where is the



$\nu F_\nu$  [Jy Hz]

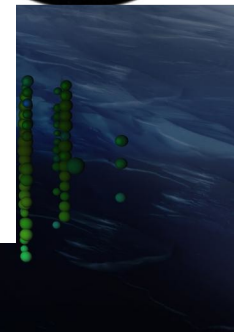
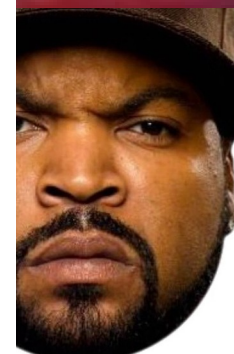


Justin Vandenbroucke

Neutrinos from blazars: observations

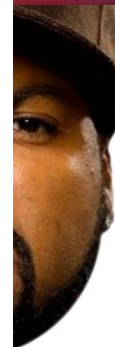
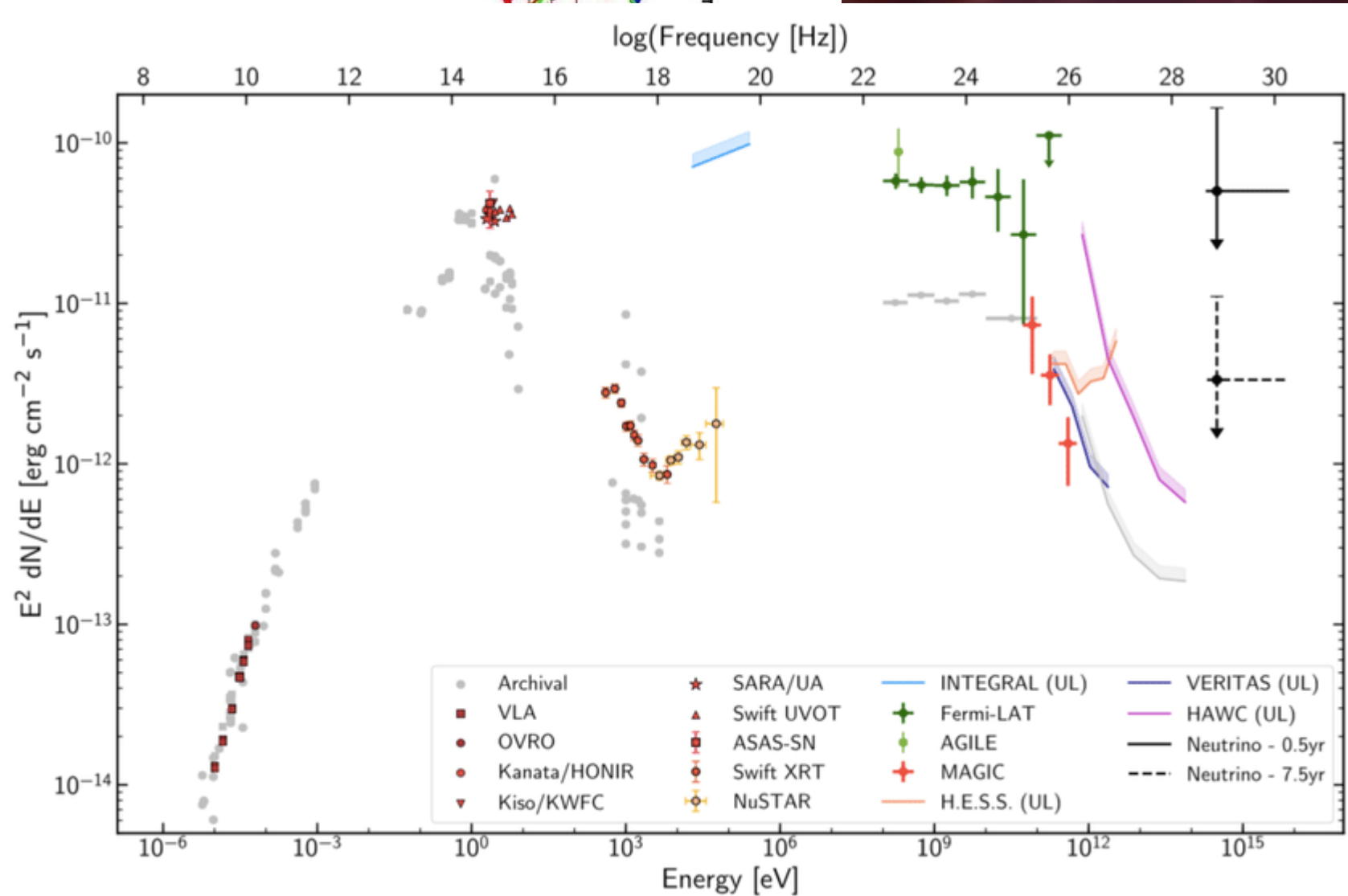
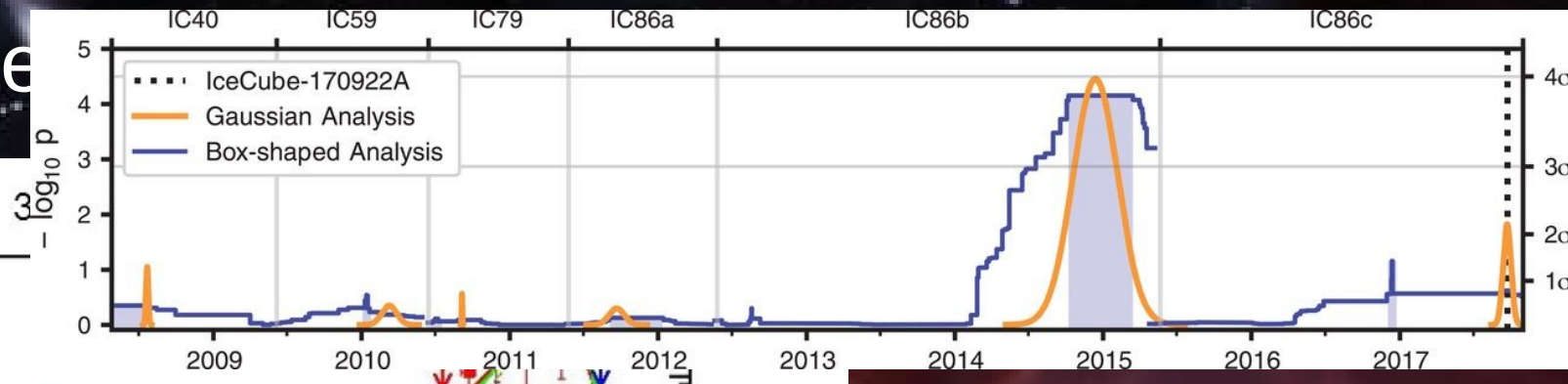
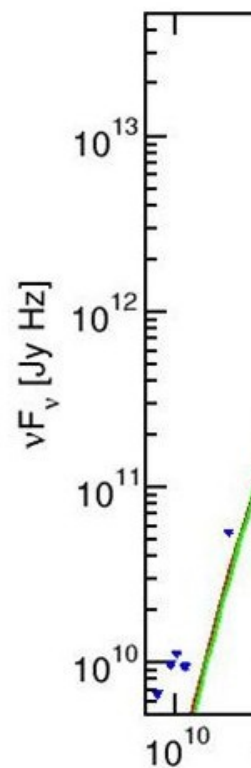
10

Crino  
y

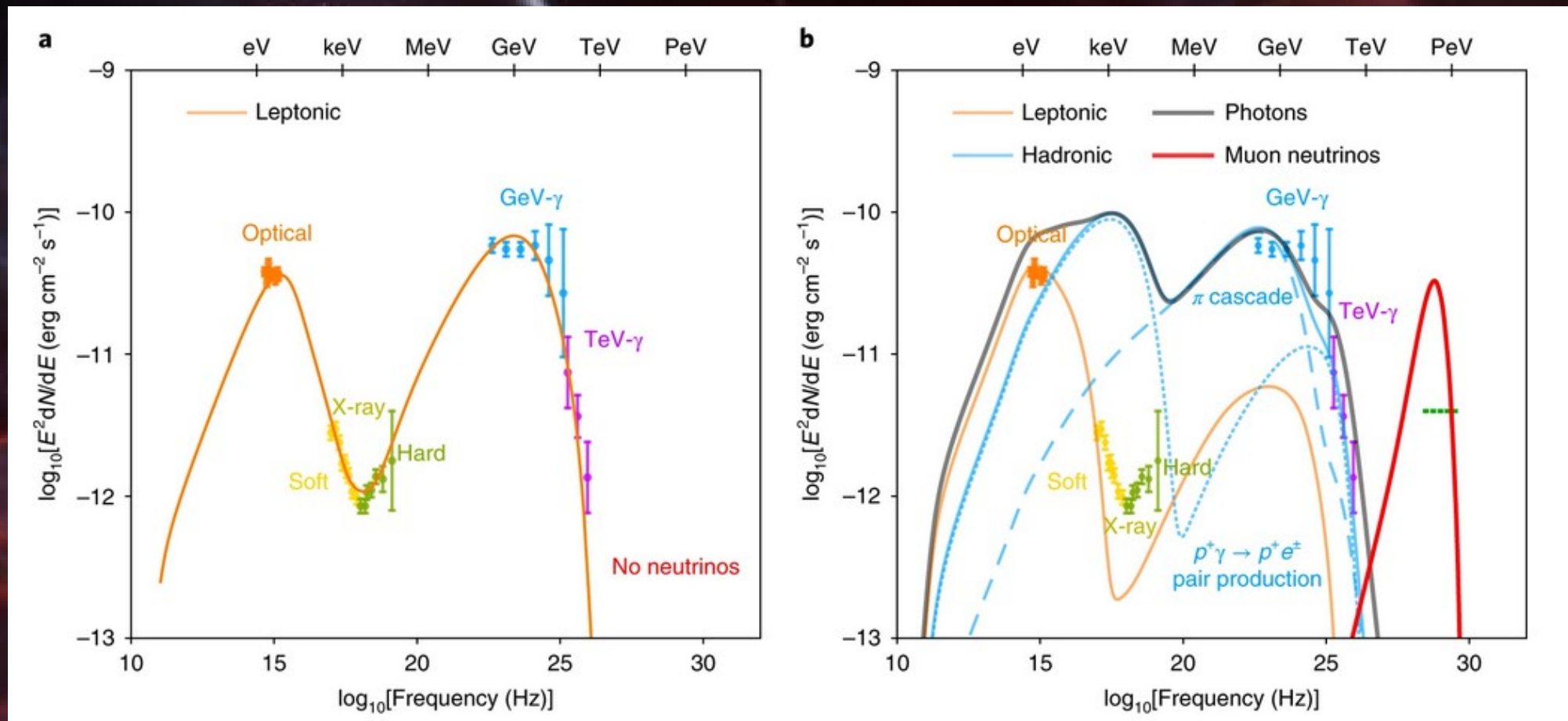




# Where is the



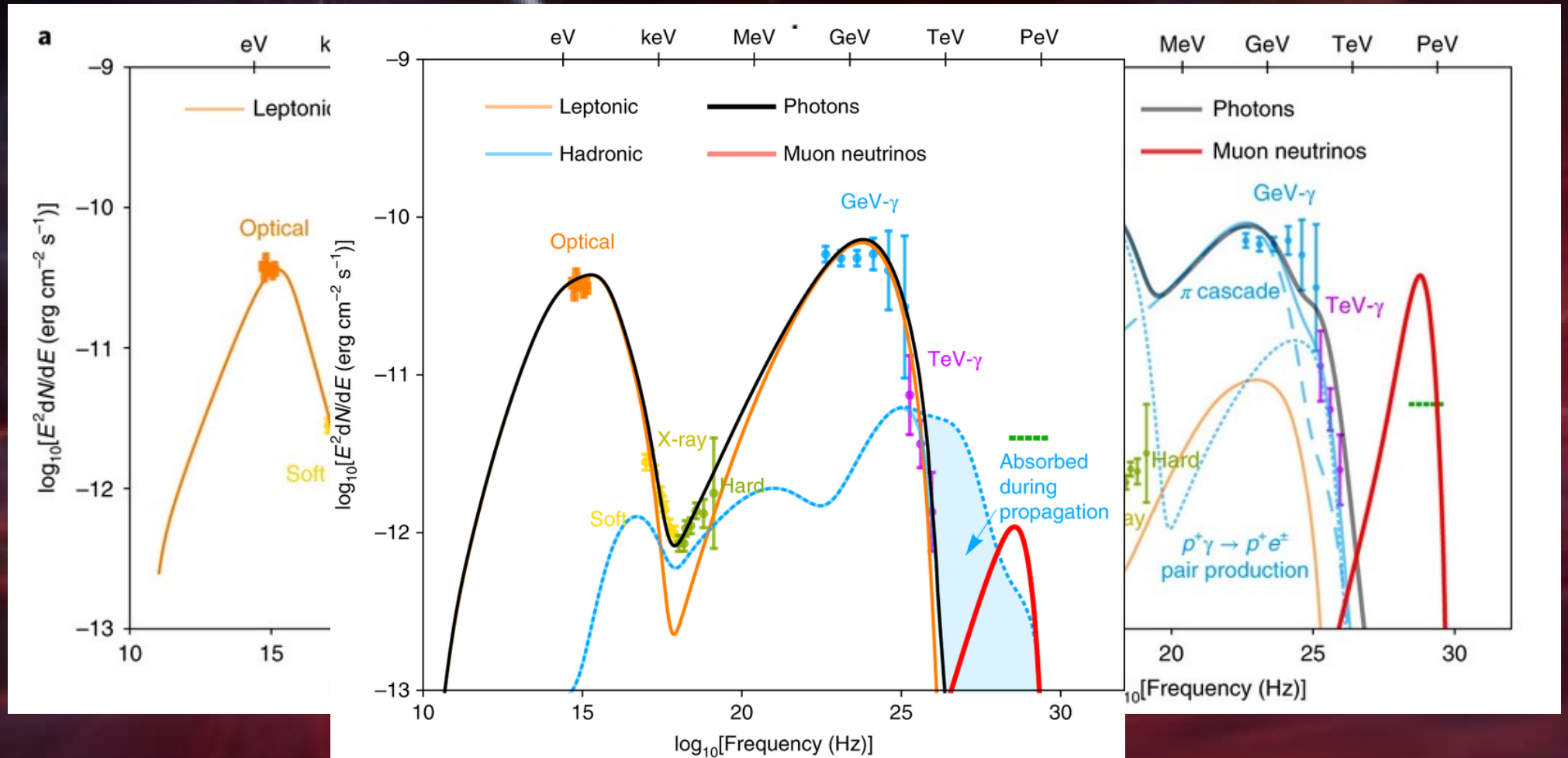
# Where is the neutrinos coming from?



Gao et al., (2019, arXiv: 1807.04275)

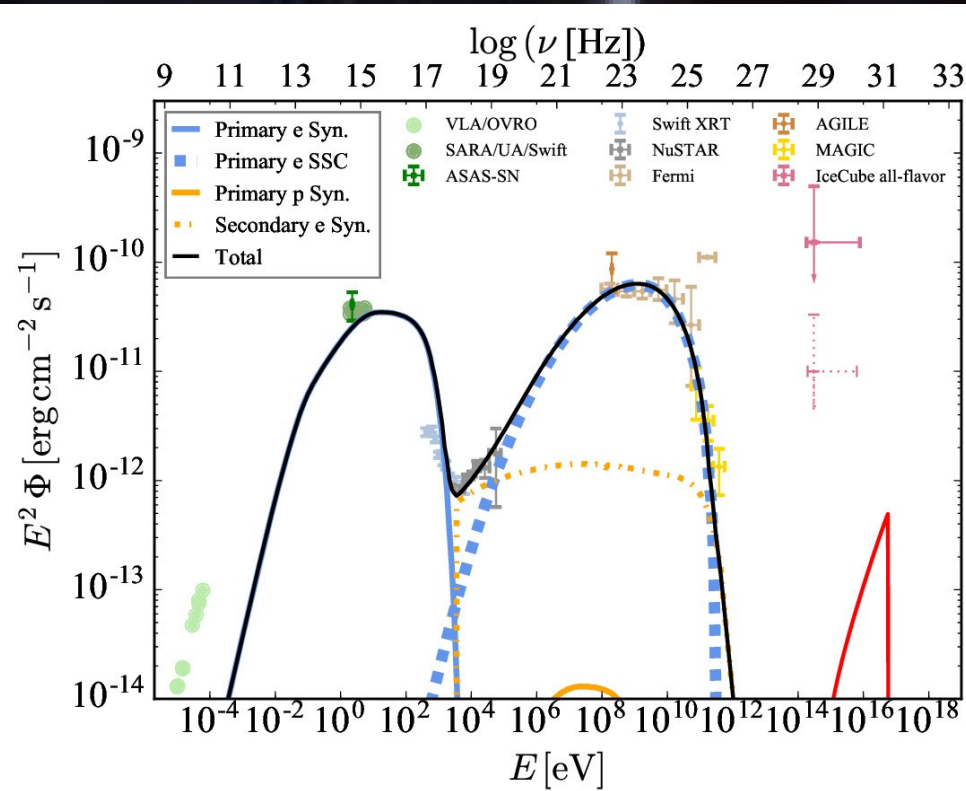


# Where is the neutrinos coming from?

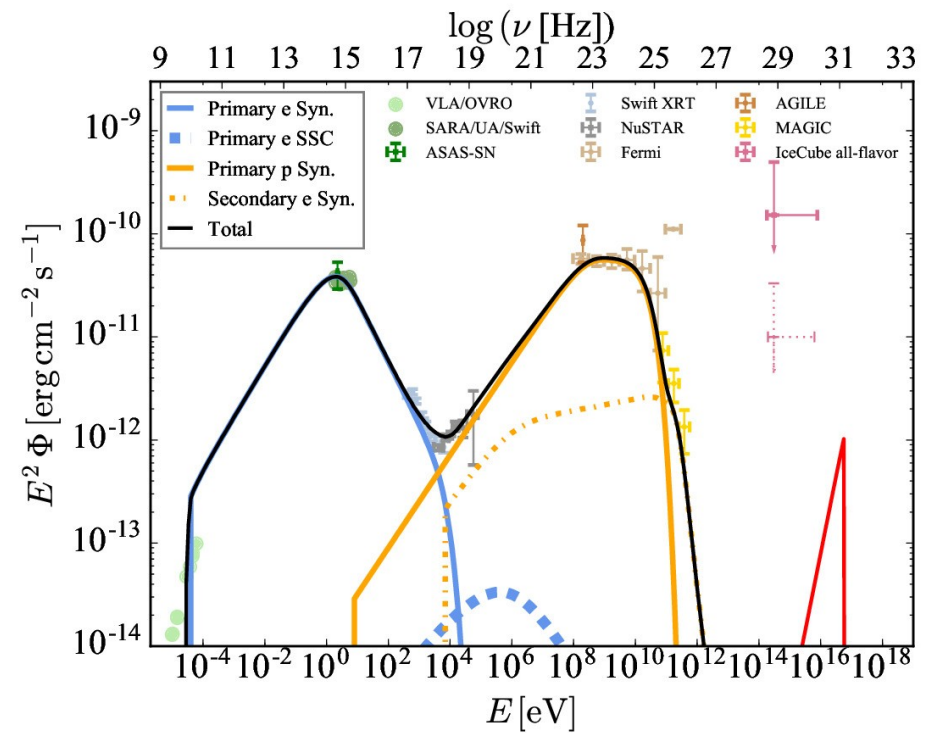


Gao et al., (2019, arXiv: 1807.04275)

# Where is the neutrinos coming from?



Zhang et al., (2018, arXiv:1807.11069)





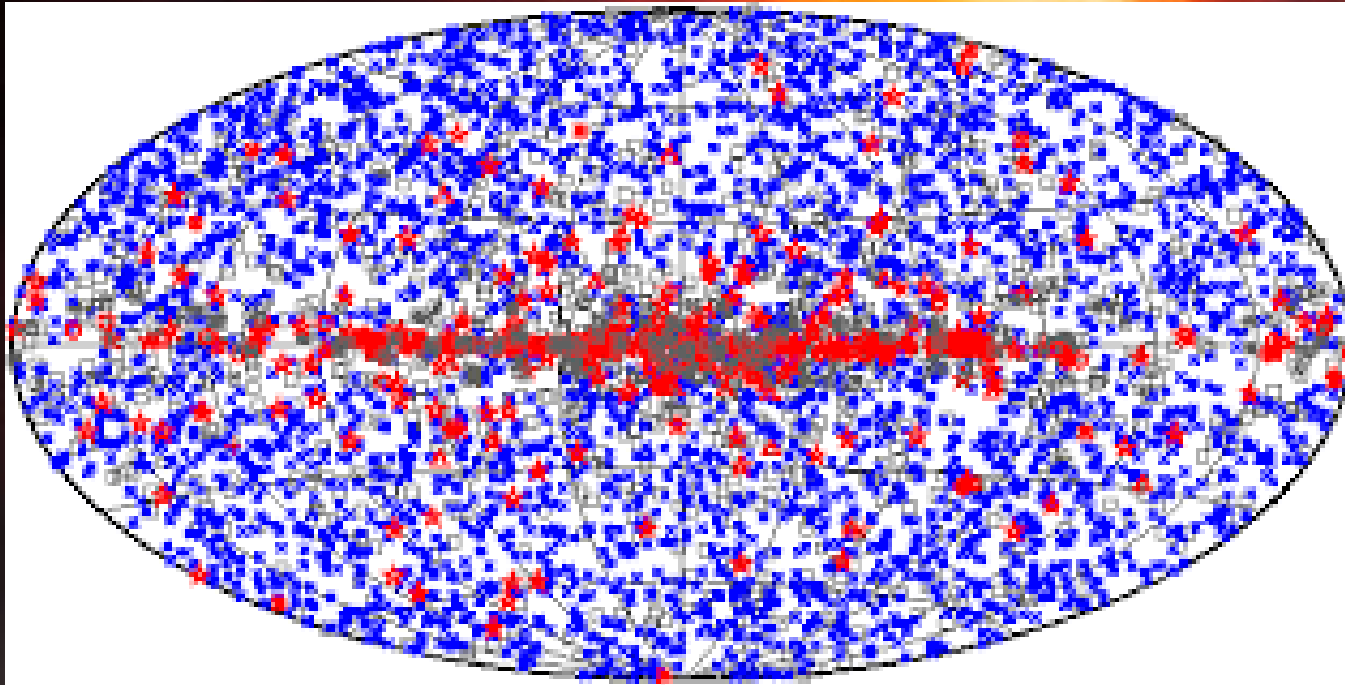
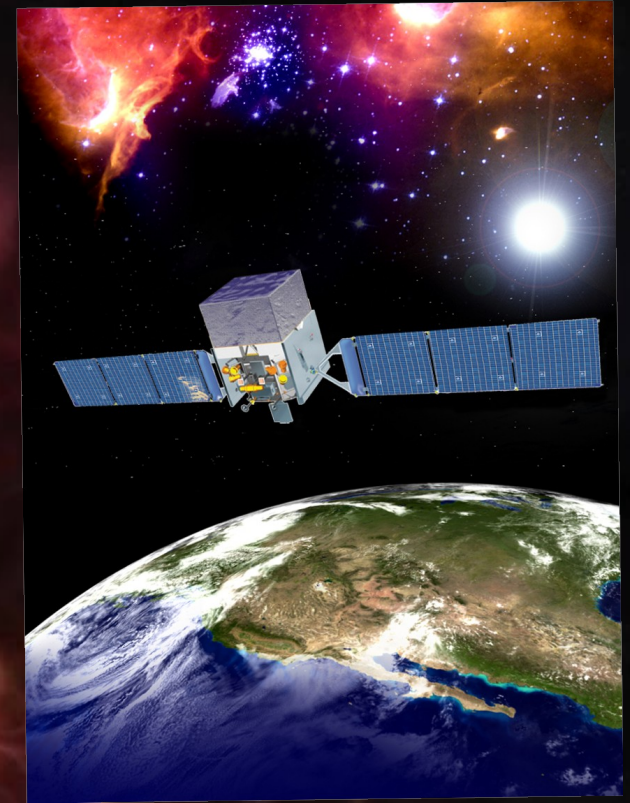
# Looking for correlated variability



Launched in  
2008

Surveying the entire sky in the  
0.1-300GeV (up to 1 TeV) range  
every 3 hours

*Fermi*



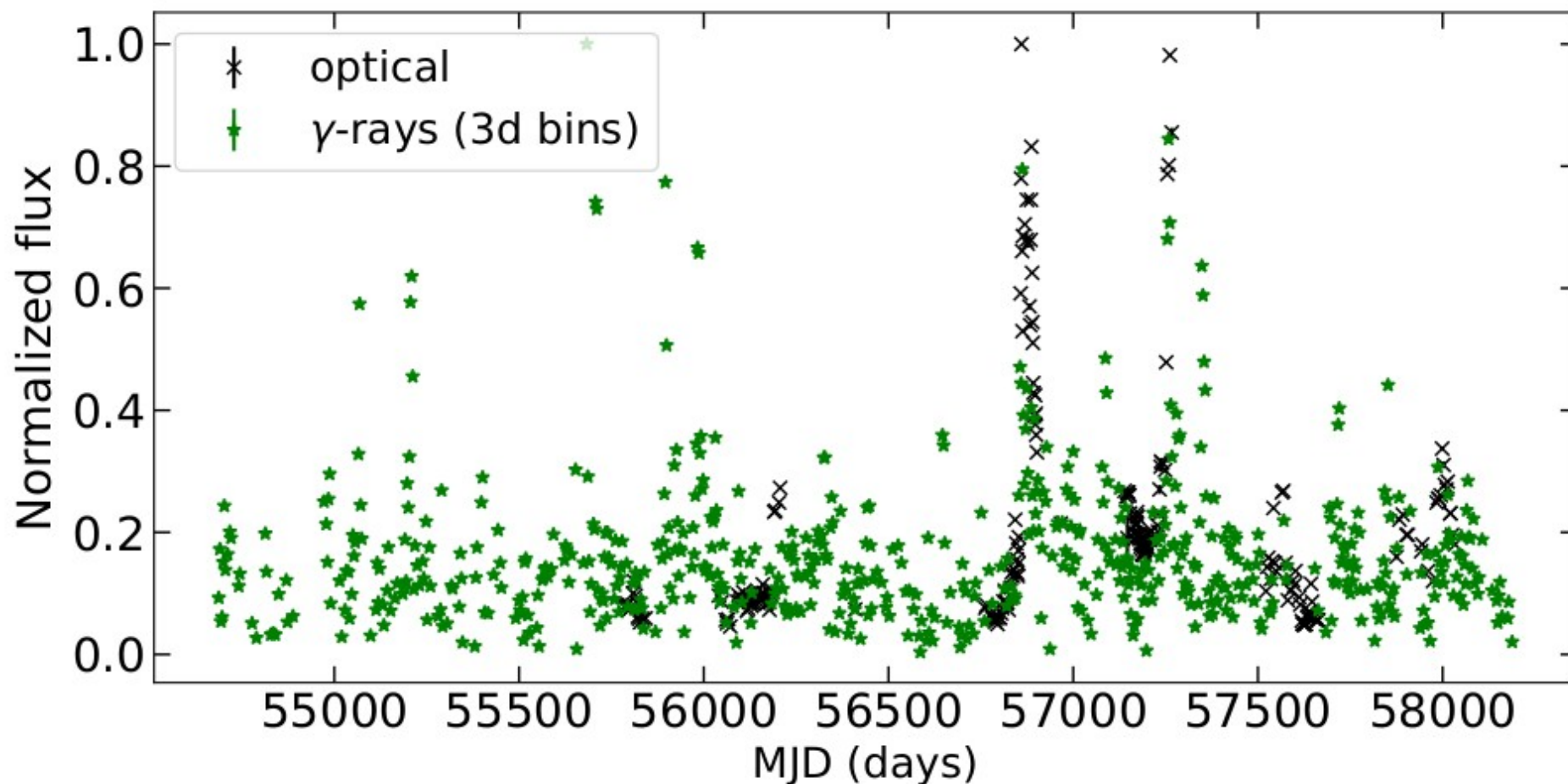
**>5000 sources**

**57% of all detected point  
sources are blazars**

# Looking for correlated variability

*Fermi*

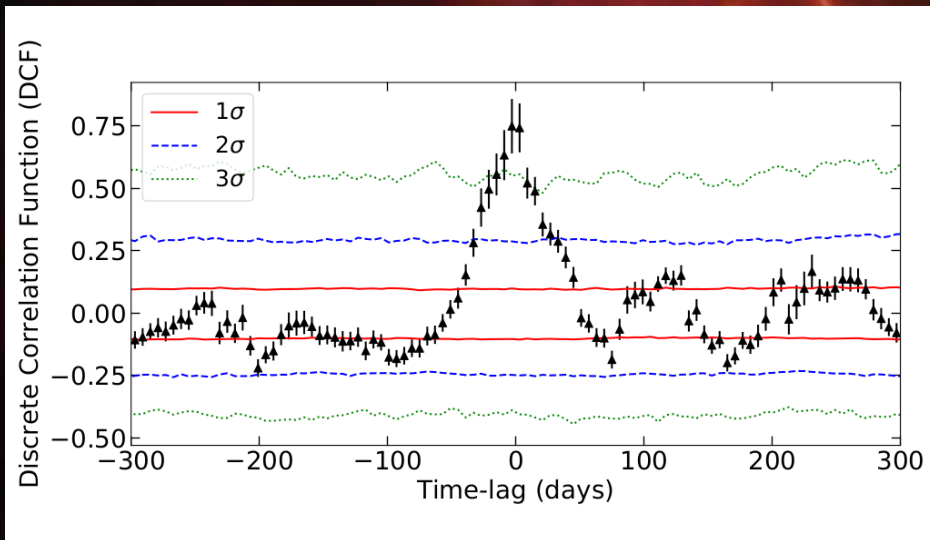
Surveying the entire sky in the





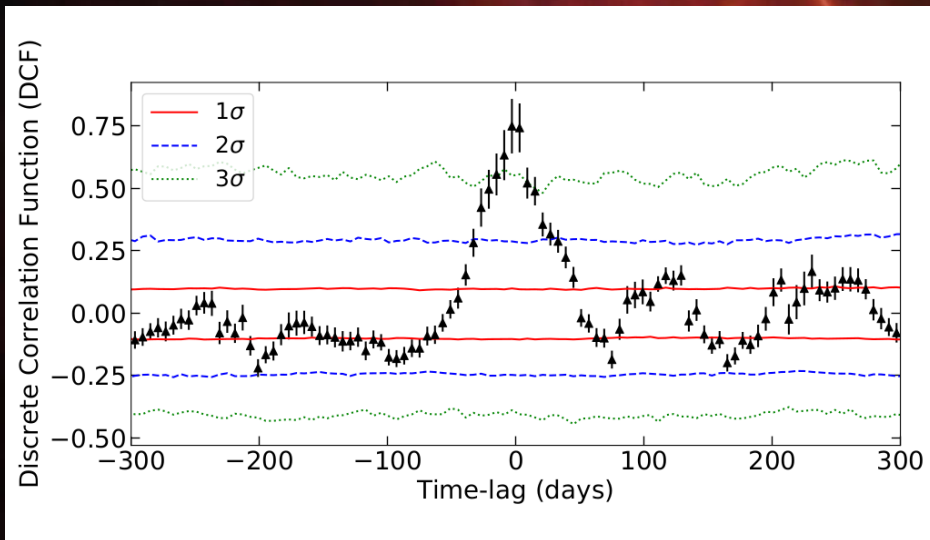
# Looking for correlated variability

Time-lags: Discrete correlation function  
(Edelson & Krolic 1988)



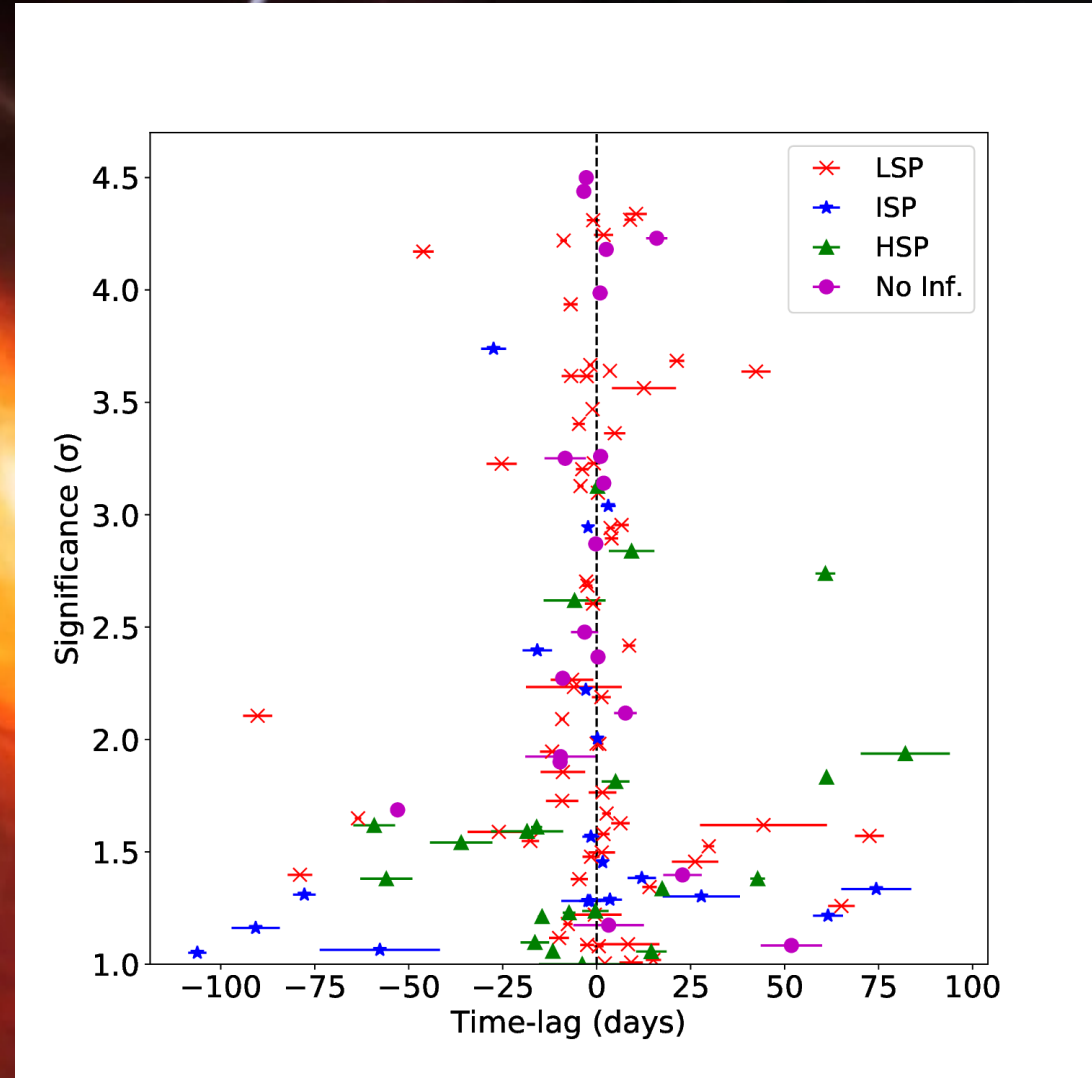
# Looking for correlated variability

Time-lags: Discrete correlation function  
(Edelson & Krolic 1988)



121/178 sources showed a  $>1\sigma$  significant correlation.

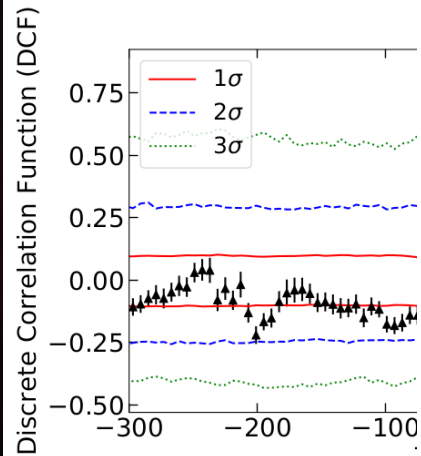
No statistically significant difference  
is found between different  
populations





# Looking for correlated variability

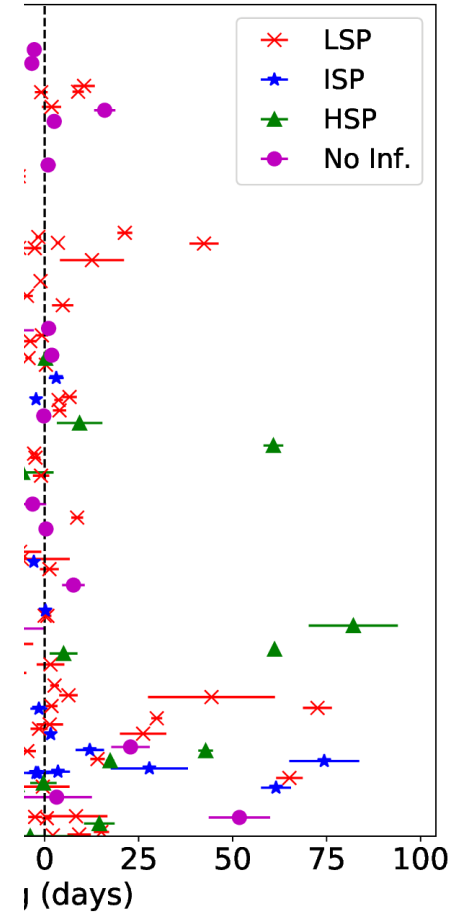
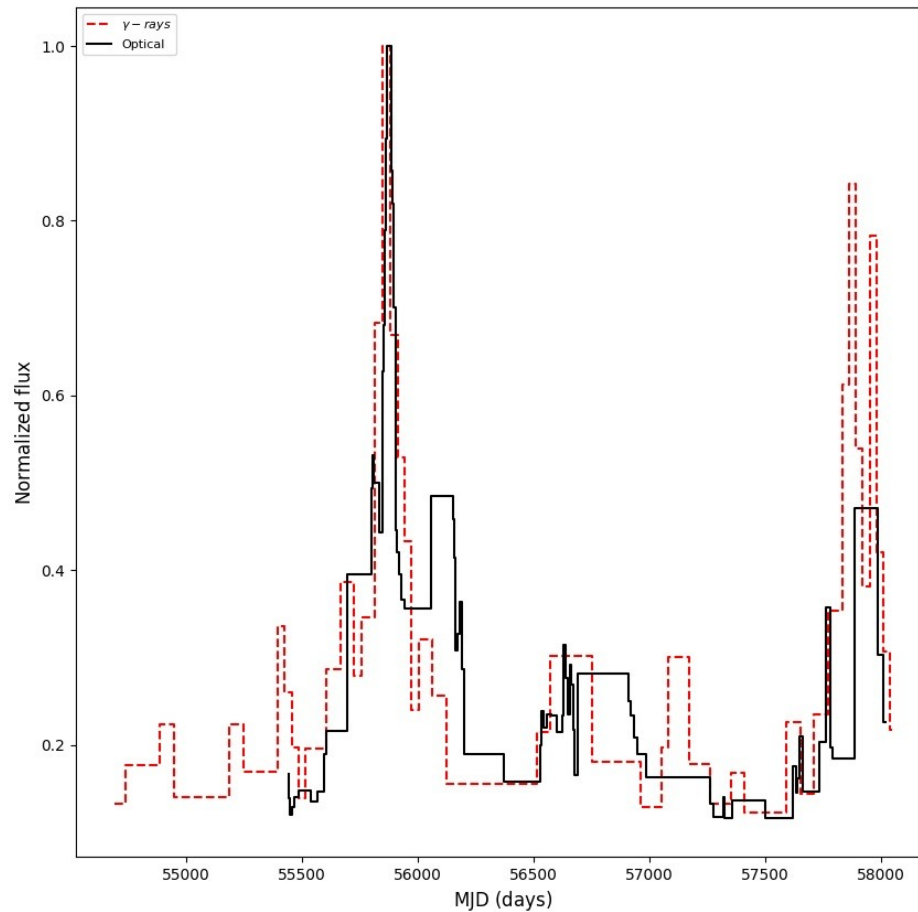
Time-lags: Discrete Correlation Function (DCF) (Edelson & Krolik 1988)



121/178 sources are significantly correlated

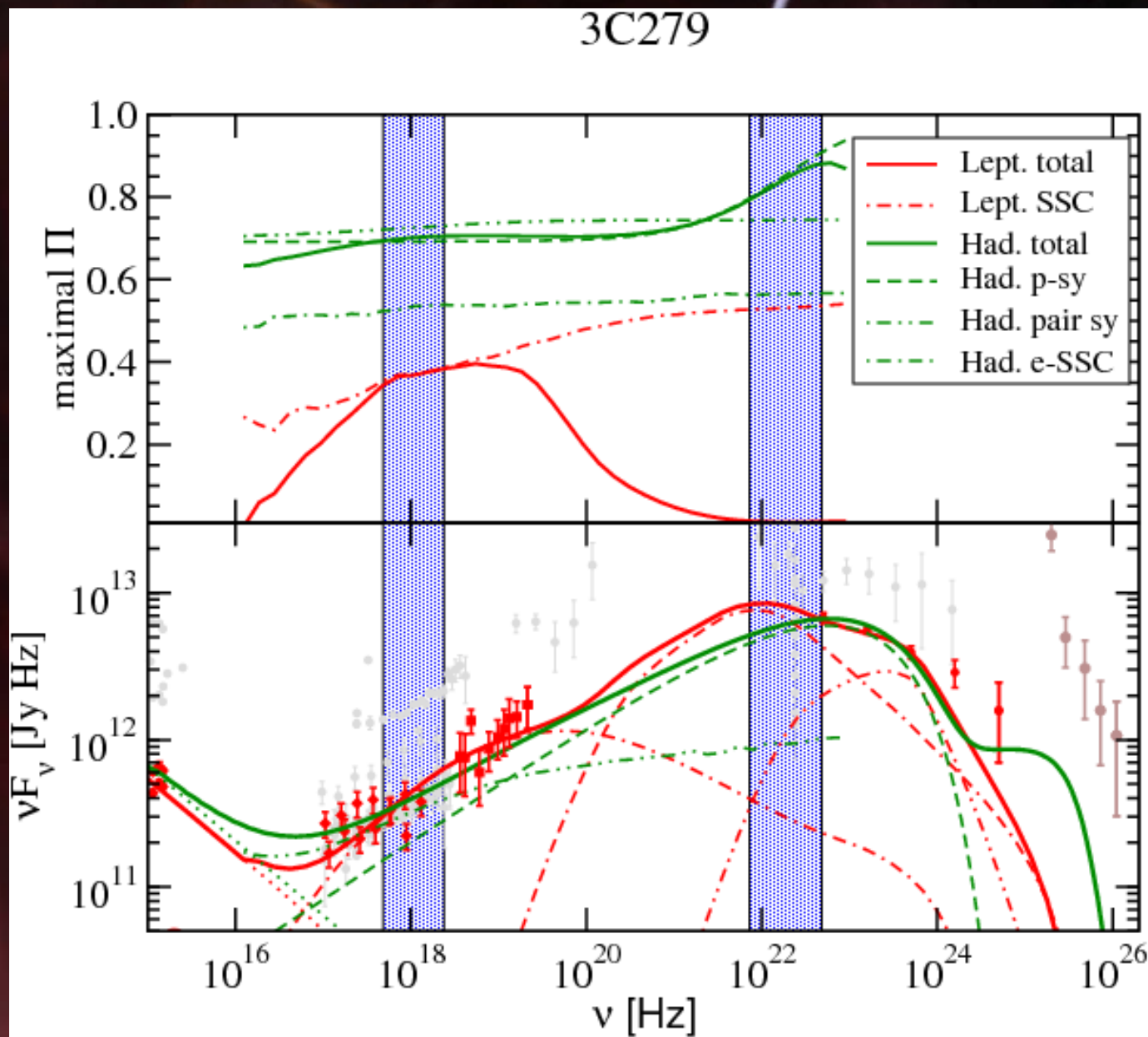
No statistically significant correlation is found between different populations

**21% of  $\gamma$ -ray events are orphan!**



# Can high-energy polarization help?

Zhang et al. (2014, arXiv:1401.7138)





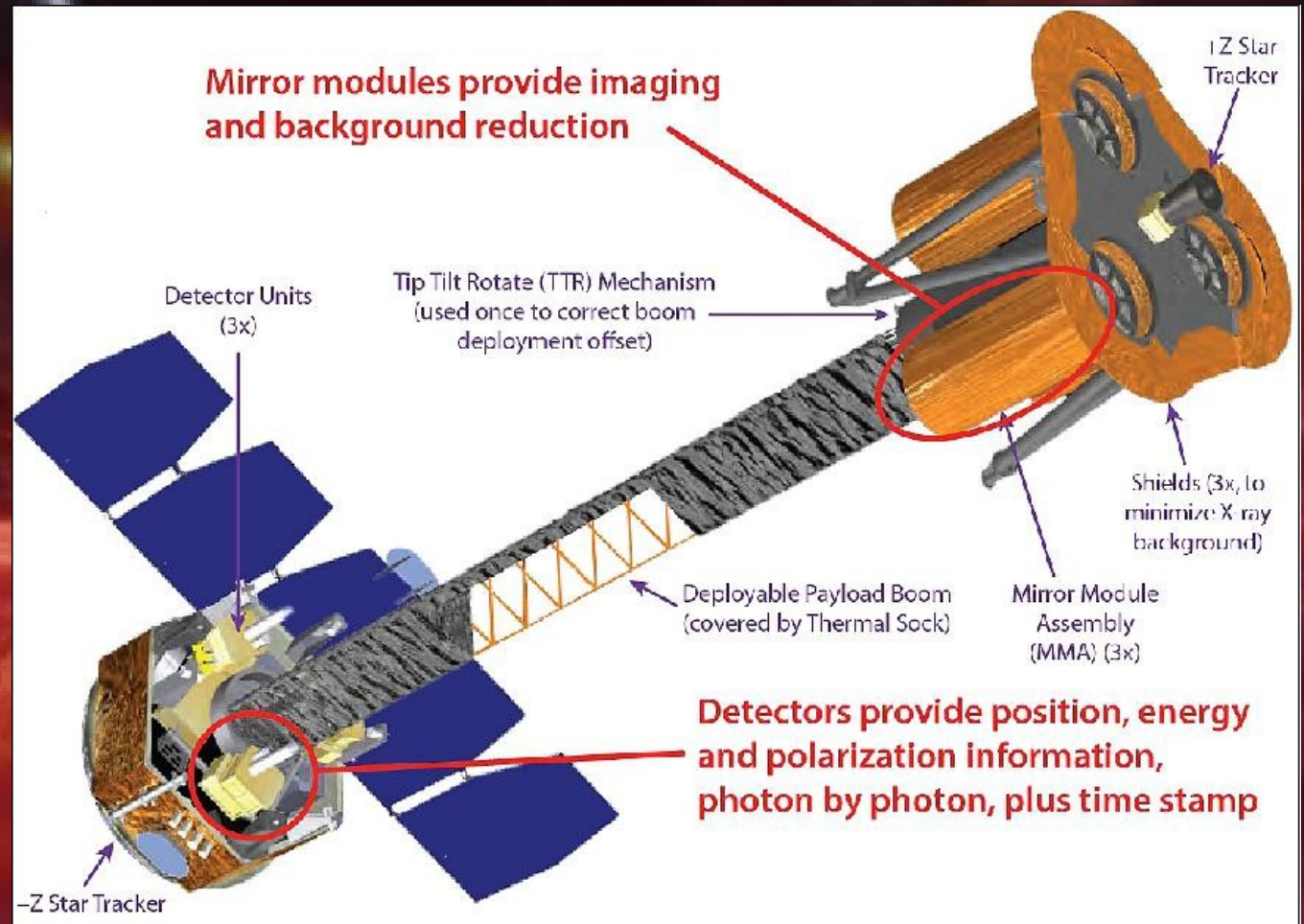
# The Imaging X-ray Polarimetry Explorer

Small NASA mission

~2 year lifetime

Launch ~Q1 2021

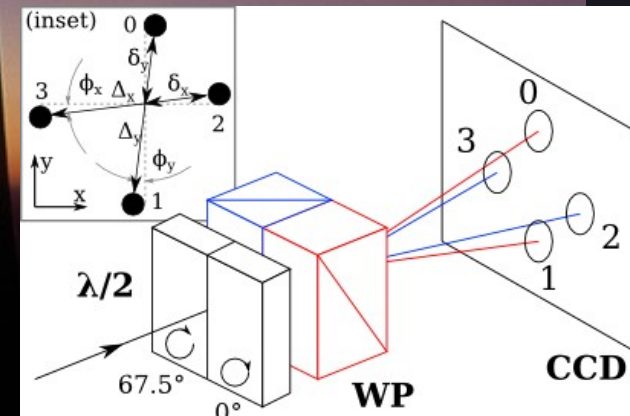
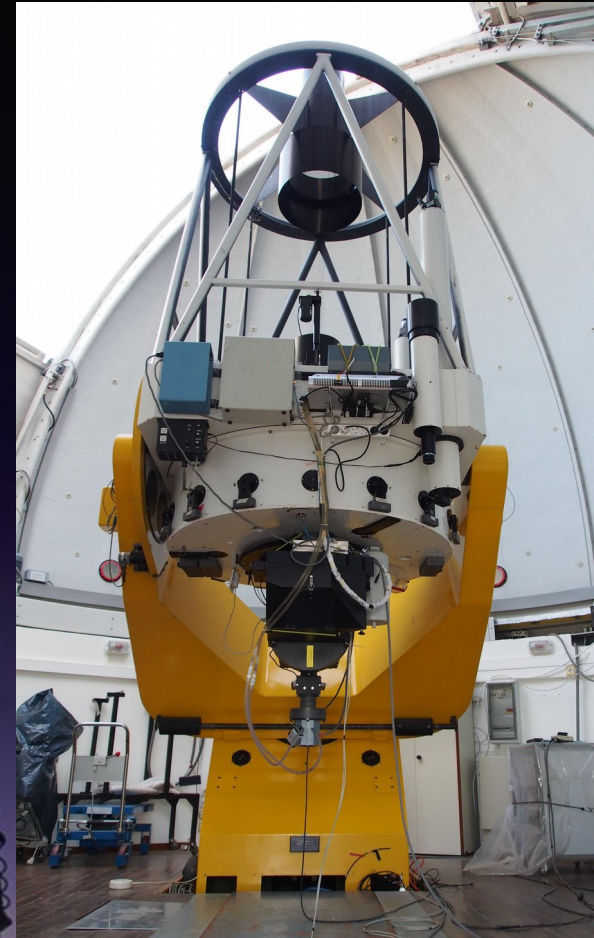
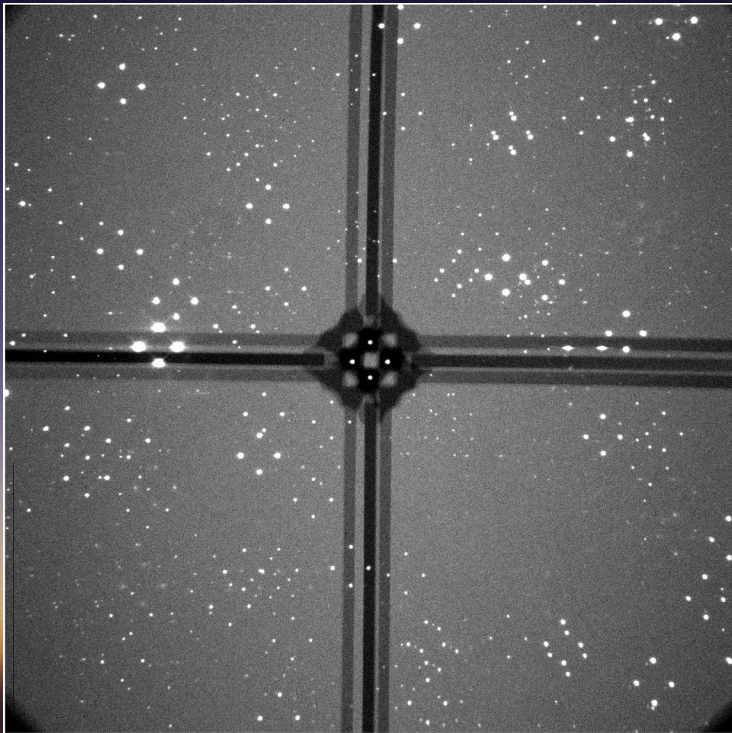
1-10 keV  
(2-8 keV sweet spot)



# The RoboPol survey

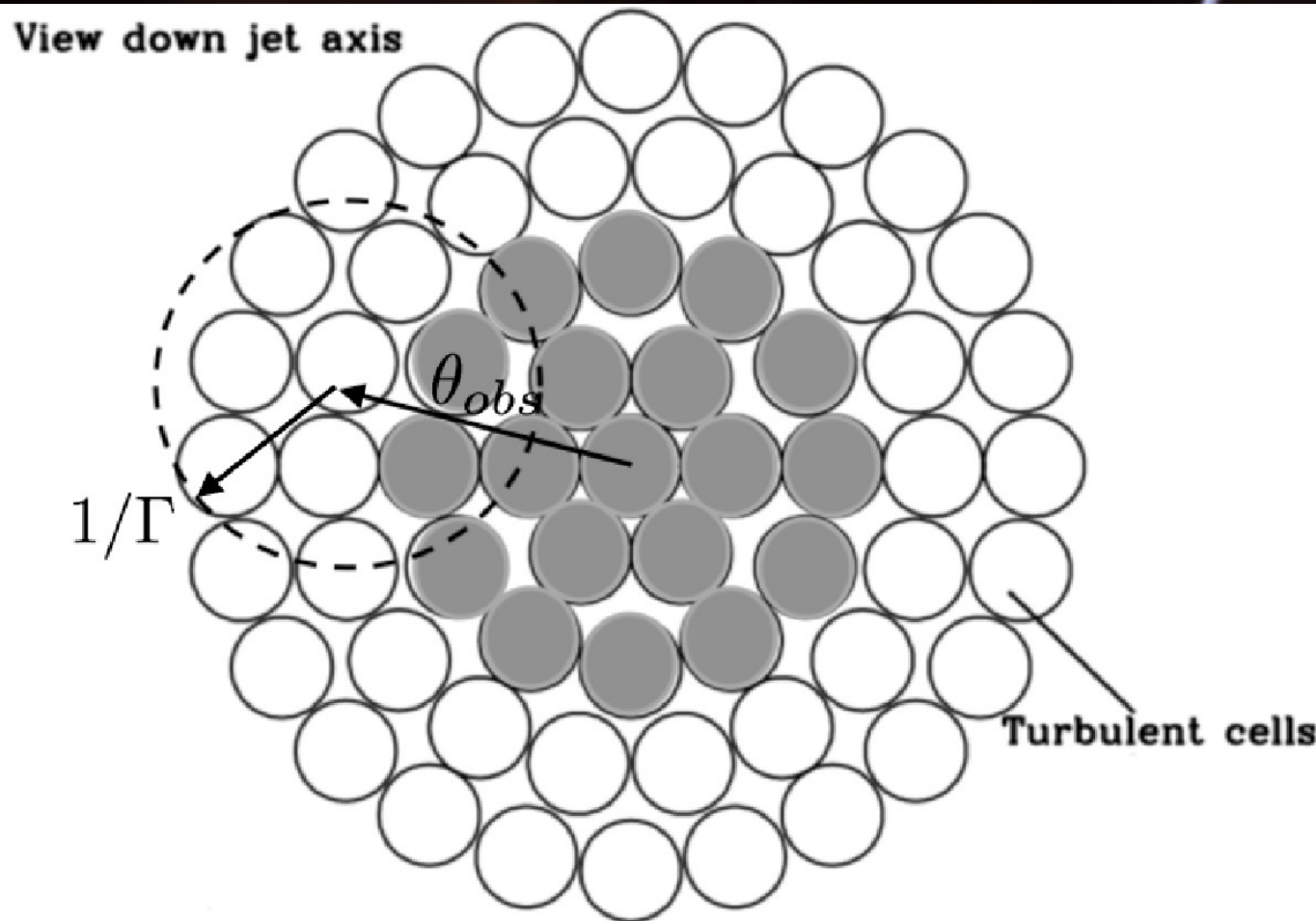
RoboPol observed ~200 blazars over three years.

RoboPol also observed stars, White dwarfs, X-ray binaries, GRBs, Gravitational wave candidates...





# Jet model and simulations



Lawrence Peirson

<https://www.alpeirson.com/>

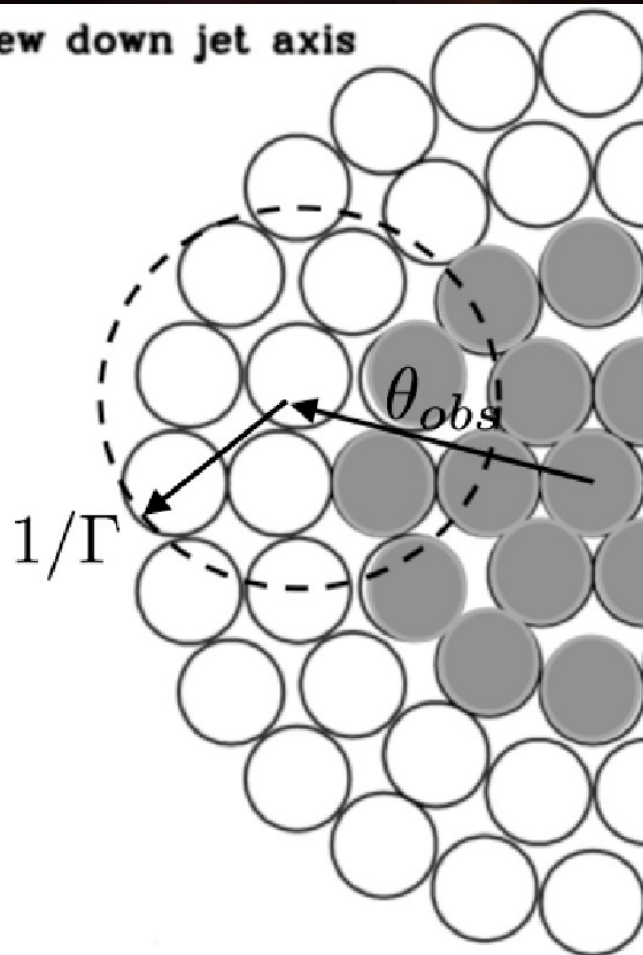
Marscher (2014,arXiv:1311.7665)  
Peirson & Romani (2018,arXiv:1807.10732)

$$\Pi_{obs} = \Pi_{max} / \sqrt{N}$$

# Jet model and simulations

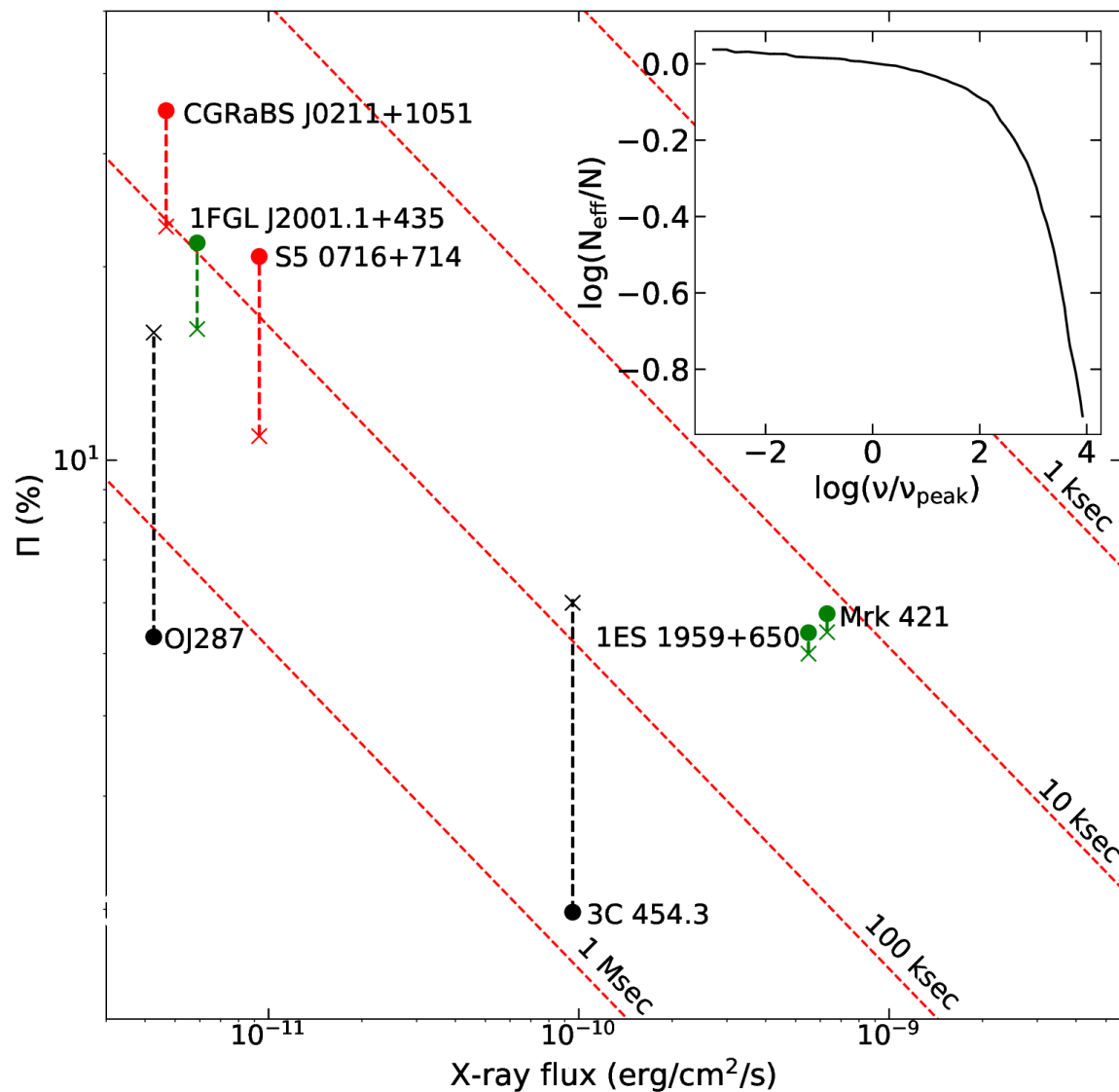
Liodakis et al (2019,arXiv:1906.01647)

View down jet axis



Marscher (2014,arXiv:1311.7665)  
Peirson & Romani (2018,arXiv:1801.08009)

$$\Pi_{obs} = \Pi_{max} / \gamma$$

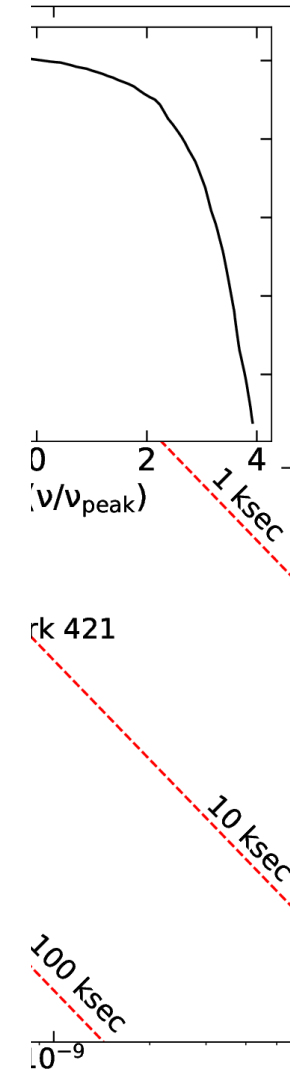
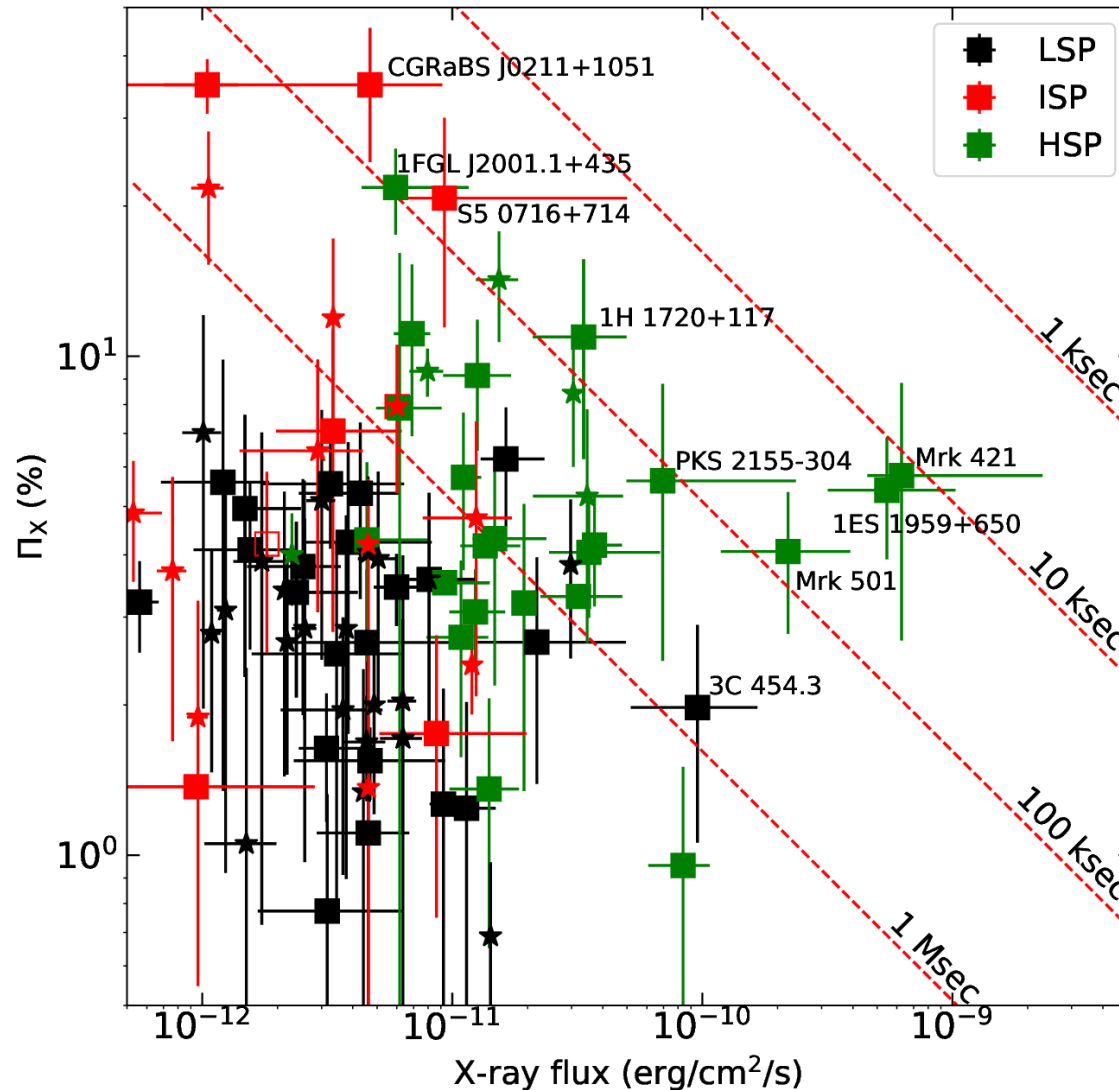
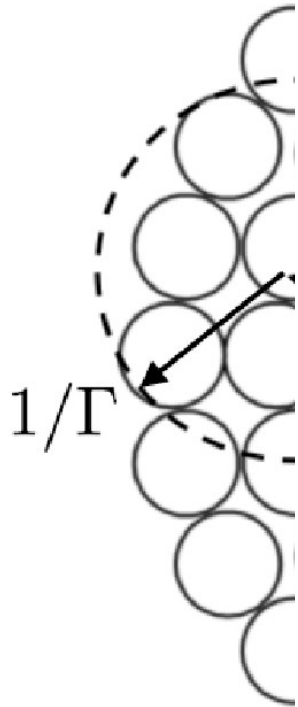




# Jet model and simulations

Liodakis et al (2019,arXiv:1906.01647)

View down jet a



Marscher (2014,  
Peirson & Roma

$\Pi_{obs}$



# Take home message:

## Astrophysical jets are exciting cosmic laboratories!

### Still a lot of questions on the where and how y-rays are made....

### High-energy polarization will have answers soon!